



EMODnet



European Marine
Observation and
Data Network

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D3.11 - Updated Inventory of existing and ratified baselines and registered claims / disputes under UNCLOS for European countries

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1 Introduction

Coastlines, the boundaries of coastal waters and land, are vital for coastal management, and ecological and environmental assessment, therefore a clear identification of European coastal waters boundaries is crucial. The EMODnet project aims to create and maintain an operational service providing free and open access to a collection of European coastlines. In Phase 1 of the HRSM IV project an overview of all available legal baselines and coastlines and an in-depth analysis of the processes was provided ([National Coastline and Baseline Report](#)). During the 2nd phase of HRSM IV, this overview has been further completed and updated. Marine Regions (<https://marineregions.org/>) has provided assistance through their review of the Phase III datasets which have led to several improvements. Additionally, any registered claims and disputes under UNCLOS¹ for European countries is provided.

Different organisations and institutes across Europe have helped to collect and analyse the legal baselines and coastlines. Many of those are also part of the EMODnet Bathymetry project. Deltares has compiled available baselines and coastlines for European waters and the main features are presented in this report. The first part of the document presents a general overview of the data gathered by country. The second part presents a more detailed description by country.

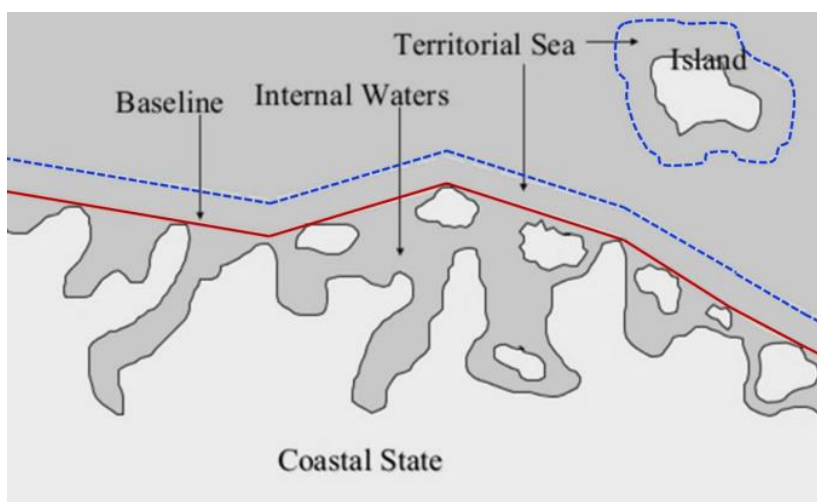


Figure 1-1: Baseline (red line) and Coastline (black line) as defined by UNCLOS

¹ United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea

2 Disclaimer

The data contained in this report was collected with the utmost care. However, the content of the data is the responsibility of the competent authorities in the respective countries. And though the EMODNET-HRSM IV project has tried to represent all data as collected in 2024 correctly, EMODNET-HRSM IV provides no warranties of any kind, express or implied, about the completeness, accuracy, reliability, suitability or availability concerning the information, products, services, or related graphics contained on the report for any purpose. Any reliance you place on such information is therefore strictly at your own risk. Moreover, the data may be updated by the competent national authorities without warning, in which case the data presented here will lag behind the official version.

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3 General Overview

3.1 Baseline

A legal baseline is the line from which the seaward limits of a state's territorial sea and certain other maritime zones of jurisdiction are measured. Normally, a sea baseline follows the low-water line of a coastal state. The measurement of the baseline is described in the UNCLOS 1982. Territorial waters or a territorial sea as defined by the UNCLOS 1982 is a belt of coastal waters extending at most 12 nautical miles (~22.2 km) from the baseline of a coastal state. The territorial sea is regarded as the sovereign territory of the state, although foreign ships (both military and civilian) are allowed innocent passage through it; this sovereignty also extends to the airspace above and seabed below. Adjustment of these boundaries is called, in international law, maritime delimitation. The term "territorial waters" is also sometimes used informally to refer to any area of water over which a state has jurisdiction, including internal waters, the contiguous zone, the exclusive economic zone and potentially the continental shelf. This implies that the legal baseline cannot just be determined by EMODnet from the bathymetry and topography as this can have high impact.

Most countries measure their normal baseline on the basis of bathymetric information published by a Hydrographic Office (HO), which is sometimes part of the navy. Paper charts have mainly been used in the past, nowadays Electronic Navigational Charts (ENCs) are used as well.

3.2 Coastline

Coastlines are official datasets that are often embedded in legislation. Most coastlines are defined at the mean high-water line. Because of this nature of the data also coastline data is being collected only from responsible authorities.

Within the EMODnet project, one of the main ambitions is to have a complete set of coastlines for the European waters. In the same way as the baseline, information about coastline has been gathered per country. This information will identify data gaps and for also for comparison with the satellite-derived coastline. The status of this compilation is also presented in Table 3.1.

3.3 Measuring and Collecting Legal Baseline and Coastline Data

In the previous EMODnet HRSM projects and the current phase 2 of the EMODnet HRSM IV project, digital baseline and coastline datasets produced by responsible authorities have been collected.

An inventory of shapefiles with baseline and official coastline data is maintained. These are accessible on the central EMODnet portal. These have been collected from various national authorities in Europe. The latest 2024 shapefiles are published at the Bathymetry portal^{2,3}. This inventory report describes the information available per country, the resolution, the source of the data and the institute providing/ hosting the data. A disclaimer has been included to underpin the prerogatives that national states have on this type of information, including legal implications. It also states that the main objective of this requested task is to provide the contracting authority with an inventory of these available datasets at a fixed date in time.

Legal baselines and coastlines are not static datasets. In most countries they are updated periodically, for example as a result of land reclamation or coastal erosion. Therefore, gathering of missing and amended information generates periodically updated results. The current review will be published on the EMODnet portal, giving the latest situation end 2024.

² https://downloads.emodnet-bathymetry.eu/v12/Inventory2024_Baseline_WGS84.zip

³ https://downloads.emodnet-bathymetry.eu/v12/Inventory2024_Coastline_WGS84.zip

Below an overview of all available datasets can be found. Table 3.1 highlights newly available and updated datasets. Out of 34 European coastal countries, 27 countries have provided access to a legal baseline and/or coastline defined.

Table 3.1 Current status of European baselines and coastlines, highlighting newly available and updated datasets since 2022 (bold). Unavailable datasets are marked with Ø.

No.	Country	Baseline	Coastline
1	Albania	Available	Ø
2	Belgium	Available	Available
3	Bosnia and Herzegovina	Ø	Ø
4	Bulgaria	Available	Available
5	Croatia	Ø	Available
6	Cyprus	Available	Available
7	Denmark⁴	Available	Available
8	Estonia	Available	Available
9	Finland	Available	Available
10	France	Available	Available
11	Georgia	Ø	Ø
12	Germany	Available	Available
13	Greece	Available	Available
14	Iceland	Available	Available
15	Ireland	Available	Available
16	Israel	Available	Available
17	Italy	Available	Available
18	Latvia	Available	Available
19	Lithuania	Available	Available
20	Malta	Available	Available
21	Monaco	Ø	Ø
22	Montenegro	Ø	Ø
23	Netherlands	Available	Available
24	Norway	Available	Available
25	Poland	Available	Available
26	Portugal	Available	Available
27	Romania	Available	Available
28	Russian Federation	Ø	Ø
29	Slovenia	Available	Available
30	Spain	Available	Available
31	Sweden	Available	Available
32	Türkiye	Ø	Ø
33	Ukraine	Ø	Ø

⁴ Including the Faroe Islands

34 United Kingdom

Available

Available

3.4 Registered Claims and Disputes Under UNCLOS

UNCLOS is the international agreement that resulted from the UNCLOS III which took place between 1973 and 1982. The convention was opened for signature on 10 December 1982 and entered into force on 16 November 1994 upon deposition of the 60th instrument of ratification.

The convention has been ratified by 168 parties, which includes all EU member countries. Subsequently, the "Agreement relating to the implementation of Part XI of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea" was signed in 1994, amending the original Convention. The agreement has been ratified by 151 parties including all EU member states.

Table 3.2: Overview of coastal European countries signed and/or deposited convention and/or agreement

#	Country	Convention		Agreement	
		Signed	Deposited	Signed	Deposited
1	Albania		Jun 23, 2003		Jun 23, 2003
2	Belgium	Dec 5, 1984	Nov 13, 1998	Jul 29, 1994	Nov 13, 1998
3	Bosnia and Herzegovina		Jan 12, 1994		May 26, 2021
4	Bulgaria	Dec 10, 1982	May 15, 1996		May 15, 1996
5	Croatia		Apr 5, 1995		Apr 5, 1995
6	Cyprus	Dec 10, 1982	Dec 12, 1988	Nov 1, 1994	Jul 27, 1995
7	Denmark	Dec 10, 1982	Nov 16, 2004	Jul 29, 1994	Nov 16, 2004
8	Estonia		Aug 26, 2005		Aug 26, 2005
9	Finland	Dec 10, 1982	Jun 21, 1996	Jul 29, 1994	Jun 21, 1996
10	France	Dec 10, 1982	Apr 11, 1996	Jul 29, 1994	Apr 11, 1996
11	Georgia		Mar 21, 1996		Mar 21, 1996
12	Germany		Oct 14, 1994	Jul 29, 1994	Oct 14, 1994
13	Greece	Dec 10, 1982	Jul 21, 1995	Jul 29, 1994	Jul 21, 1995
14	Iceland	Dec 10, 1982	Jun 21, 1985	Jul 29, 1994	Jul 28, 1995
15	Ireland	Dec 10, 1982	Jun 21, 1996	Jul 29, 1994	Jun 21, 1995
16	Israel				
17	Italy	Dec 7, 1984	Jan 3, 1995	Jul 29, 1994	Jan 13, 1995
18	Latvia		Dec 23, 2004		Dec 23, 2004
19	Lithuania		Nov 12, 2003		Nov 12, 2003
20	Malta	Dec 10, 1982	May 20, 1993	Jul 29, 1994	Jun 26, 1996
21	Monaco	Dec 10, 1982	Mar 20, 1996	Nov 30, 1994	Mar 20, 1996
22	Montenegro		Oct 23, 2006		Oct 23, 2006
23	Netherlands	Dec 10, 1982	Jun 28, 1996	Jul 29, 1994	Jun 28, 1996
24	Norway	Dec 10, 1982	Jun 24, 1996		Jun 24, 1996
25	Poland	Dec 10, 1982	Nov 13, 1998	Jul 29, 1994	Nov 13, 1998
26	Portugal	Dec 10, 1982	Nov 3, 1997	Jul 29, 1994	Nov 3, 1997
27	Romania	Dec 10, 1982	Dec 17, 1996		Dec 17, 1996
28	Russian Federation	Dec 10, 1982	Mar 12, 1997		Mar 12, 1997
29	Slovenia		Jun 16, 1995	Jan 19, 1995	Jun 16, 1995

30	Spain	Dec 4, 1984	Jan 15, 1997	Jul 29, 1994	Jan 15, 1997
31	Sweden	Dec 10, 1982	Jun 25, 1996	Jul 29, 1994	Jun 25, 1996
32	Türkiye				
33	Ukraine	Dec 10, 1982	Jul 26, 1999	Feb 28, 1995	Jul 26, 1999
34	United Kingdom		Jul 25, 1997	Jul 24, 1994	Jul 25, 1997

Part XV of UNCLOS sets forth rules for the resolution of disputes between State Parties arising out of the interpretation or application of UNCLOS. Pursuant to Article 287(1) of UNCLOS, when signing, ratifying, or acceding to UNCLOS, a State may make a declaration choosing one or more of the following means for settling such disputes:

- the International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea (ITLOS) in Hamburg, Germany;
- the International Court of Justice in The Hague, The Netherlands;
- ad hoc arbitration (in accordance with Annex VII of UNCLOS); or
- a “special arbitral tribunal” constituted for certain categories of disputes (established under Annex VIII of UNCLOS).

Pursuant to Article 287(3) of UNCLOS, arbitration under Annex VII is the default means of dispute settlement if a State has not expressed any preference with respect to the means of dispute resolution available under Article 287(1) of UNCLOS (and has not expressed any reservation or optional exceptions pursuant to Article 298 of UNCLOS). Likewise, pursuant to Article 287(5) of UNCLOS, if the parties have not accepted the same procedure for the settlement of the dispute, arbitration under Annex VII is the default means of dispute settlement (again subject to same exceptions or reservations pursuant to Article 298)⁵.

The UNCLOS has established a dispute settlement system in order to promote compliance with its provisions and to ensure that disputes are settled by peaceful means. The system applies to disputes between States and, with respect to deep seabed mining, to disputes between States or miners and the Authority⁶.

At the time of writing this report, the unofficial table of claims to maritime justification was under review⁷.

⁵ <https://pca-cpa.org/en/services/arbitration-services/unclos/>

⁶ <https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/pdf/10.1080/07266472.1997.10878491?needAccess=true>

⁷ <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/claims.htm>

4 Country Profiles

In this section each country (in alphabetic order) is introduced with a short description of the data collected. Also, if there is information available with respect to any legislations (i.e. any laws defining the baseline) and maritime boundary delimitation agreements, then is also presented. An estimation of the coastline length is included. For the majority of the countries, these values were taken from World By Map (<https://www.citypopulation.de/en/world/bymap/coastlines/> whose source is the CIA World Factbook 2020) unless otherwise stated. This information is either provided by the partners or is information retrieved from the world atlas (www.worldatlas.com). Finally, we present maps of collected coastlines and baselines. These maps focus on the European continent and in the cases where foreign territories are available in the dataset, they may not be included in the figures. For the following countries no information on the baseline or coastline was provided: Bosnia and Herzegovina, Georgia, Monaco, Montenegro, Russia, Türkiye and Ukraine.

4.1 Albania

Country	Albania
<i>Data provider</i>	-
<i>Link available</i>	-
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	Decree No. 4650, as amended by Decree No. 7366 , dated 9 March 1990, on the State Border of the People's Socialist Republic of Albania
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements⁸</i>	Agreement between Albania and Italy for the determination of the continental shelf of each of the two countries, 18 December 1992
<i>Length</i>	132 km
Coastline	
<i>Length</i>	362 km

⁸ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/ALB.htm>



Figure 4-1 Visualization of the available baseline of Albania

4.2 Belgium

Country	Belgium
<i>Data provider</i>	Coastal Division, Flemish Hydrography (MDK)
<i>Link available</i>	https://www.agentschapmdk.be/nl/publicaties#maritieme-grenzen-belgie
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	<p>Act establishing the breadth of the territorial sea of Belgium, 6 October 1987</p> <p>Act concerning the exclusive economic zone of Belgium in the North Sea 22/04/1999</p>
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements⁹</i>	<p>France</p> <p>Agreement between the Government of the French Republic and the Government of the Kingdom of Belgium on the delimitation of the territorial sea (with map), 8 October 1990 (entry into force: 6 April 1989; registration #: 30173; registration date: 6 October 1989)</p> <p>Agreement between the Government of the French Republic and the</p>

⁹ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/BEL.htm>

[Government of the Kingdom of Belgium on the delimitation of the continental shelf](#) (with map), 8 October 1990 (entry into force: 7 April 1993; registration #: 30172; registration date: 3 August 1993)

Netherlands

[Treaty between the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Kingdom of Belgium on the Delimitation of the Continental Shelf](#), 18 December 1996 (entry into force: 1 January 1999; registration #: 35448; registration date: 27 January 1999)

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland [Agreement between the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Government of the Kingdom of Belgium relating to the delimitation of the continental shelf between the two countries \(with annex and exchange of letters\)](#), 29 May 1991 (entry into force: 14 May 1993; registration #: 31712; registration date: 21 April 1995)

Length 71 km

Coastline

Length 66.5 km

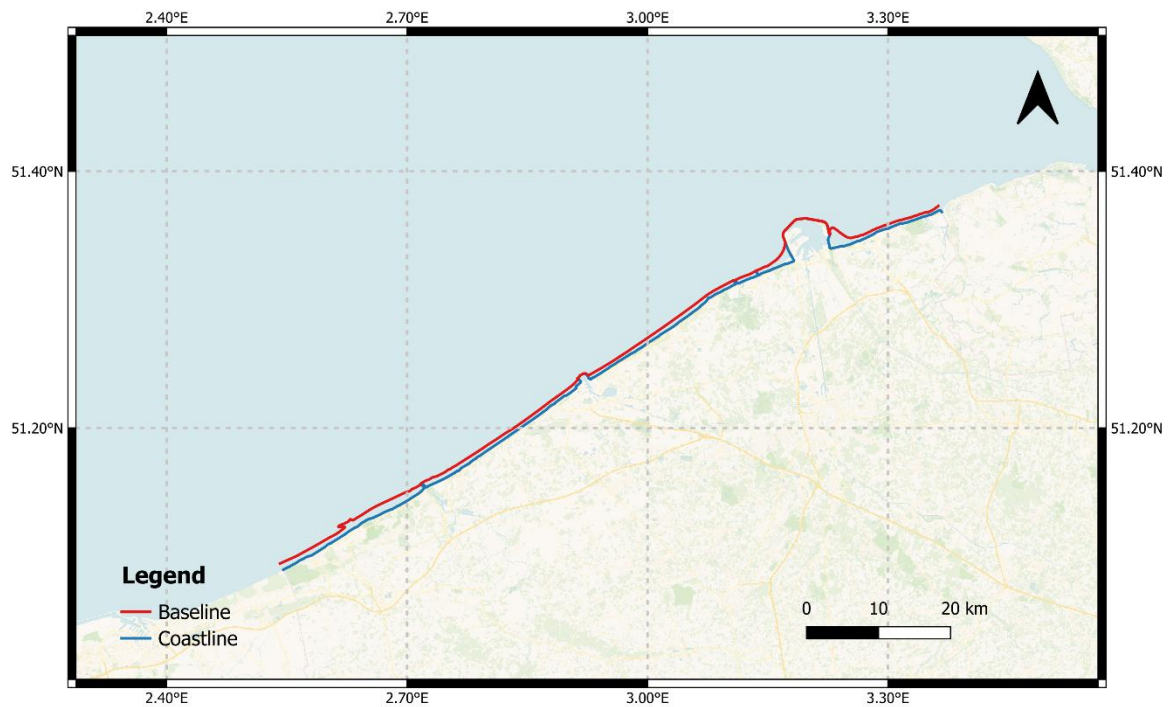


Figure 4-2 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of Belgium

4.3 Bosnia and Herzegovina

Country	Bosnia and Herzegovina
Data provider	-
Link available	-
Baseline	
Legislation	No legislation available.
Maritime boundary delimitation agreements ¹⁰	Croatia Treaty on the State Border between the Republic of Croatia and Bosnia and Herzegovina , 30 July 1999
Length	-
Coastline	
Length	20 km

4.4 Bulgaria

Country	Bulgaria
Data provider	Institute of Oceanology - Bulgarian Academy of Science (IO-BAS)
Link available	-
Baseline	
Legislation	Act of 8 July 1987 governing the ocean space of the People's Republic of Bulgaria 08/07/1987
Maritime boundary delimitation agreements ¹¹	Türkiye Agreement between the Republic of Türkiye and the Republic of Bulgaria on the determination of the boundary in the mouth of the Rezovska/Mutludere River and delimitation of the maritime areas between the two states in the Black Sea , 4 December 1997 (entry into force: 4 November 1998; registration #: 36204; registration date: 1 November 1999)
Length	354 km
Coastline	
Length	354 km

¹⁰ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/BIH.htm>

¹¹ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/BGR.htm>

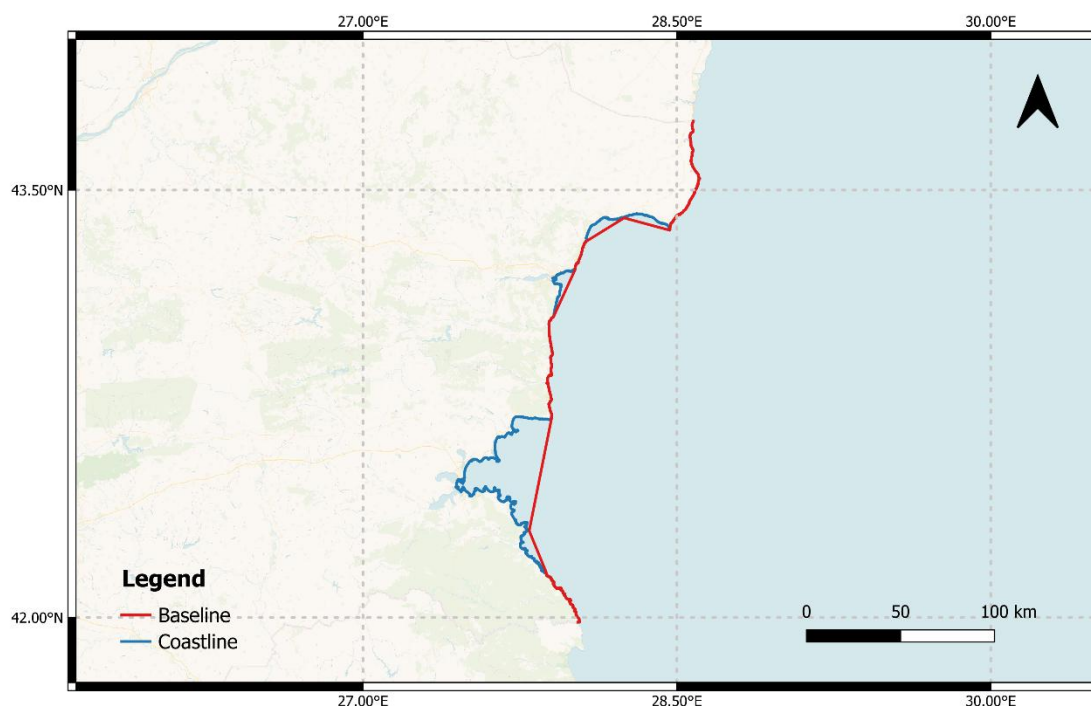


Figure 4-3 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of Bulgaria

4.5 Croatia

Country	Croatia
<i>Data provider</i>	Hydrographic Institute of the Republic of Croatia (HHI), UNCLOS data base
<i>Link available</i>	https://www.hhi.hr/vijesti/tematska-pomorska-karta-br-101g-republika-hrvatska-granice-republike-hrvatske-na-jadranskom-moru https://hhi.maps.arcgis.com/apps/webappviewer/index.html?id=4f4f42fb922b4cd5b8729f26e4117b2d
Baseline	
<i>Note</i>	The provided baseline is most likely the outer borders of the ecological and fisheries protection zone , and not the baseline as stipulated by the UN.
<i>Legislation</i>	The Maritime Code, 1994
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements¹²</i>	Italy Maritime boundary - delimitation of the continental shelf between

¹² Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/HRV.htm>

[Italy and former Yugoslavia was established in 1968 by the Agreement between Italy and Yugoslavia concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf between the two countries in the Adriatic Sea, 8 January 1968.](#)

Bosnia and Herzegovina

[Treaty on the State Border between the Republic of Croatia and Bosnia and Herzegovina, 30 July 1999](#)

Length 715 km

Coastline

Length 5,835 km

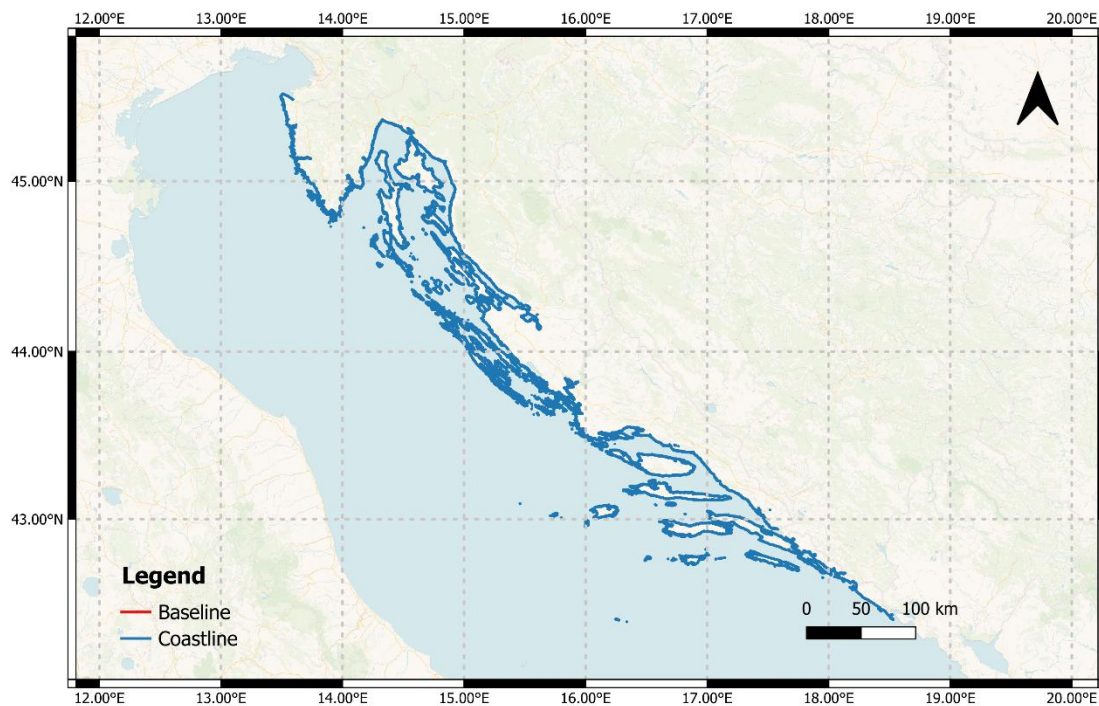


Figure 4-4 Visualization of the provided coastline of Croatia

4.6 Cyprus

Country	Cyprus
<i>Data provider</i>	Department of Lands and Surveys
<i>Link available</i>	
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	The Territorial Sea Law, No. 45 of 1964

<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements¹³</i>	<p>United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Greece and Türkiye</p> <p>Treaty between the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Hellenic Republic, the Republic of Türkiye and the Republic of Cyprus concerning the Establishment of the Republic of Cyprus (Annex A of Original Agreement), 16 August 1960 (entry into force: 16 August 1960; registration #: 5476; registration date: 12 December 1960)</p> <p>Egypt</p> <p>Agreement between the Republic of Cyprus and the Arab Republic of Egypt on the Delimitation of the Exclusive Economic Zone, 17 February 2003 (entry into force: 7 March 2004; registration #: I-44649; registration date: 14 January 2008)</p>
<i>Length</i>	<p>Israel</p> <p>Agreement between the Government of the State of Israel and the Government of the Republic of Cyprus on the Delimitation of the Exclusive Economic Zone, signed in Nicosia on 17 December 2010 (entry into force: 25 February 2011; registration #:I-48387 ; registration date: 9 March 2011)</p>
Coastline	609 km
<i>Length</i>	648 km

¹³ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/CYP.htm>

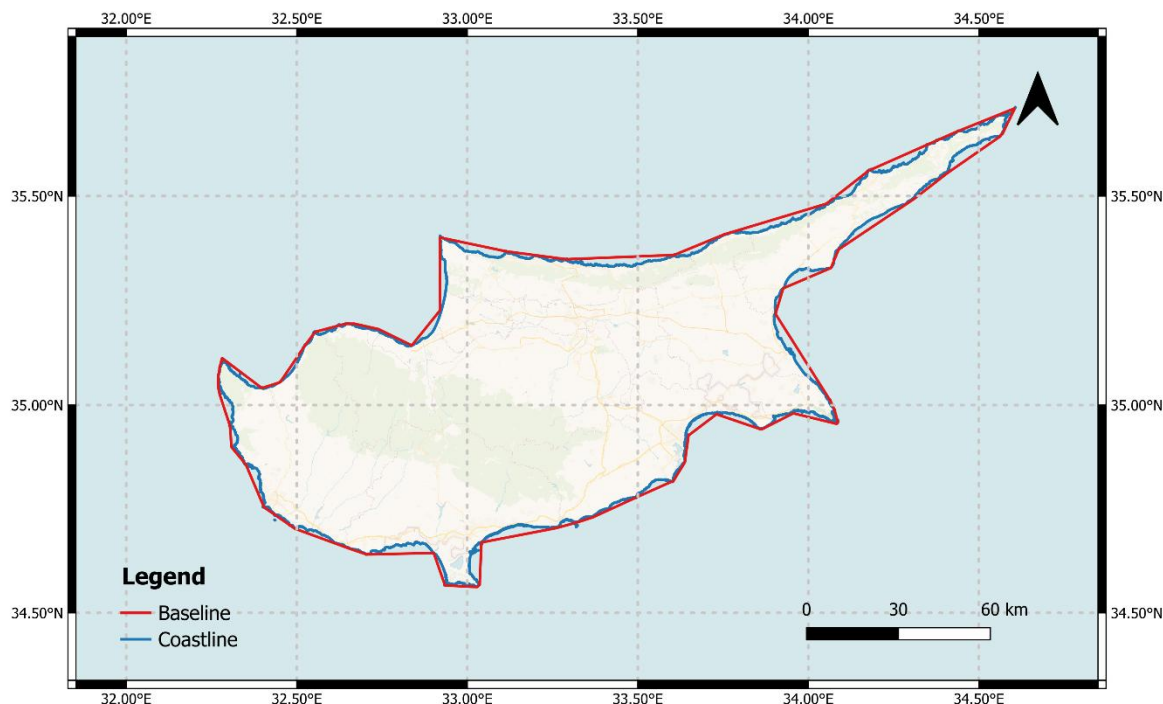


Figure 4-5 Visualization of the available baseline and coastline of Cyprus

4.7 Denmark

Country	Denmark
<i>Data provider</i>	Danish Geodata Agency – Danish Hydrographic Service (GST)
<i>Link available</i>	Faroe Islands: https://www.retsinformation.dk/eli/retsinfo/1978/25020
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	Royal Decree of 7 June 1963 concerning the exercise of Danish sovereignty over the Continental Shelf
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements¹⁴</i>	Canada Agreement between the Government of the Kingdom of Denmark and the Government of Canada relating to the delimitation of the continental shelf between Greenland and Canada (with annexes) 17 December 1973 (entry into force: 13 March 1974; registration #: 13550; registration date: 19 September 1974)

¹⁴ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/DNK.htm>

Germany

[Agreement between the Kingdom of Denmark and the Federal Republic of Germany concerning the delimitation, in the coastal regions, of the continental shelf of the North Sea](#), 9 June 1965 (entry into force: 27 May 1966; registration #: 8289; registration date: 3 August 1966)

Iceland

[Agreement between the Government of the Kingdom of Denmark along with the Greenland Home Rule Government, on the one hand, and the Government of the Republic of Iceland, on the other hand, on the Delimitation of the Continental Shelf and the Fishery Zones in the Area between Greenland and Iceland](#), 11 November 1997; (entry into force: 27 May 1998; registration #: 35941; registration date: 1 August 1999)

Netherlands

[Agreement between the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Government of the Kingdom of Denmark concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf under the North Sea between the two countries](#), 31 March 1966 (entry into force: 1 August 1967; registration #: 8751; registration date: 29 August 1967)

Norway

[Agreement between Denmark and Norway relating to the delimitation of the continental shelf](#), 8 December 1965 (entry into force: 22 June 1966; registration #: 9052; registration date: 4 April 1968)

Poland

[Agreement between the Republic of Poland and the Kingdom of Denmark concerning the delimitation of maritime zones in the Baltic Sea](#), 19 November 2018 (entry into force: 28 June 2019; registration #: I-57283; registration date: 24 June 2022)

Sweden

[Exchange of notes constituting an agreement between Denmark and Sweden concerning the delimitation of the territorial waters between Denmark and Sweden](#), 25 June 1979 (entry into force: 21 December 1979; registration #: 18943; registration date: 24 June 1980)

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

[Agreement between the Government of the Kingdom of Denmark and the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland relating to the delimitation of the continental shelf between the two countries](#), 25 November 1971 (entry into force: 7 December 1972; registration #: 12280; registration date: 22 January 1973)

Length

1850 km

Coastline

Length 7,314 km

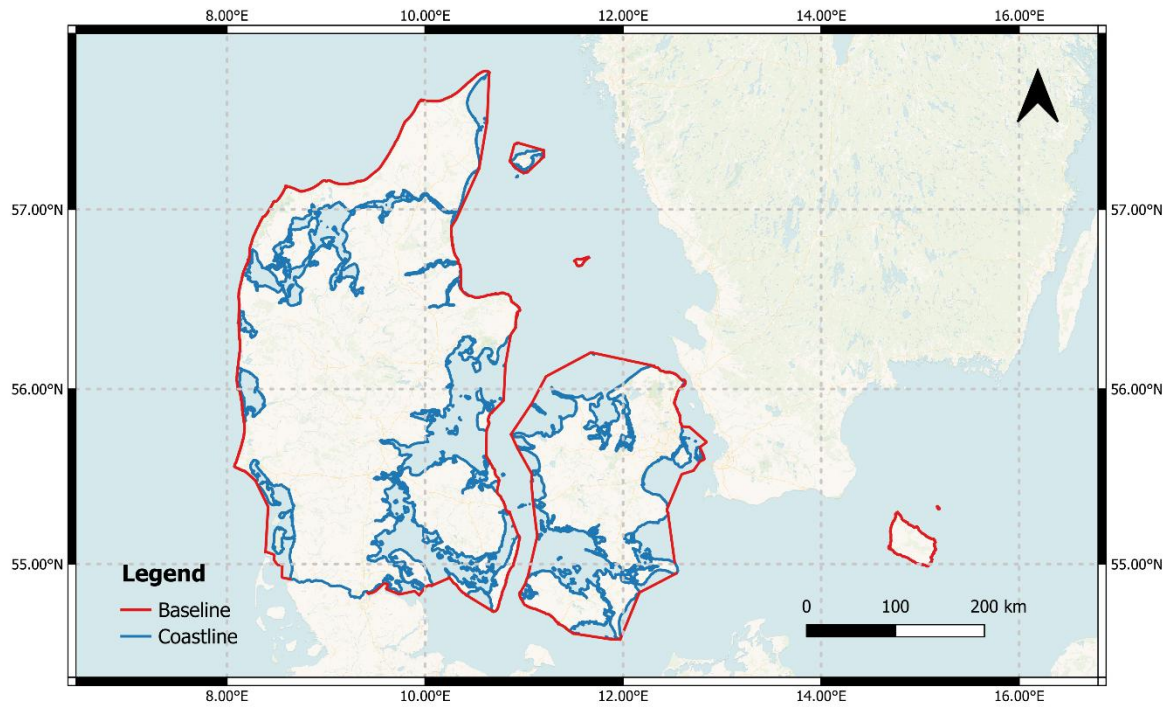


Figure 4-6 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of Denmark

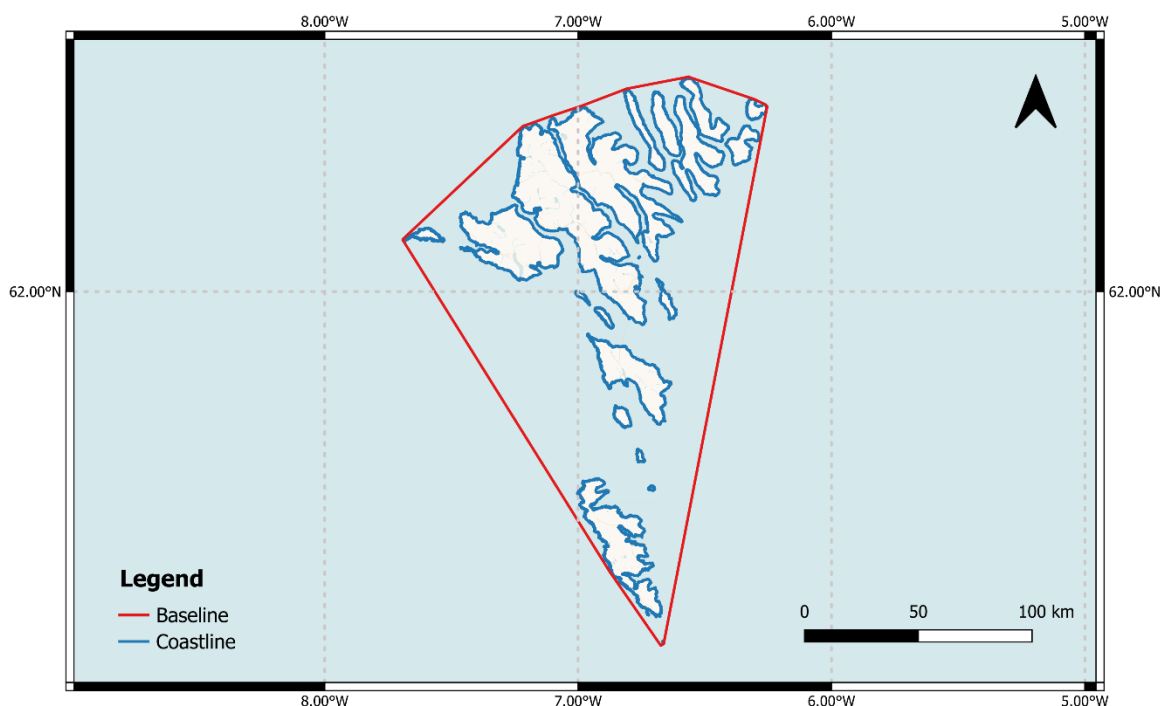


Figure 4-7 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of the Faroe Islands, which are a North Atlantic island group and an autonomous territory of the Kingdom of Denmark.

4.8 Estonia

Country	Estonia
<i>Data provider</i>	Estonian Land Board (MAA-AMET)
<i>Link available</i>	Coastline files <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - https://geoportaal.ee/eng/INSPIRE/INSPIRE-services/HY-Hydrography-p756.html - https://geoportaal.maaamet.ee/eng/Maps-and-Data/Estonian-Topographic-Database/Download-Topographic-Data-p618.html Baseline files <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - https://geoportaal.ee/eng/INSPIRE/INSPIRE-services/SR-Sea-regions-p809.html
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	Law on the boundaries of the maritime tract , 10 March 1993
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation</i>	Finland Agreement between the Republic of Finland and the Republic of Estonia on the Boundary of the Maritime Zones in the Gulf of Finland and on the Northern Baltic Sea , 18 October 1996 (entry into force: 7 January 1997;

agreements¹⁵

registration #: 33549; registration date: 20 February 1997)

Finland and Sweden

[Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Finland, the Government of the Republic of Estonia and the Government of the Kingdom of Sweden on the common maritime boundary point in the Baltic Sea](#), 16 January 2001(entry into force: 12 August 2001; registration #: 44411; registration date: 1 October 2007)

Latvia

[Agreement between the Republic of Estonia and the Republic of Latvia on the Maritime Delimitation in the Gulf of Riga, the Strait of Irbe and the Baltic Sea](#), 12 July 1996 (entry into force: 10 October 1996; registration #: 33489; registration date: 6 January 1997)

Latvia and Sweden

[Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Estonia, the Government of the Republic of Latvia and the Government of the Kingdom of Sweden on the Common Maritime Boundary Point in the Baltic Sea](#), 30 April 1997 (entry into force: 20 February 1998; registration #: 44412; registration date: 1 October 2007)

Sweden

[Agreement Between the Government of the Kingdom of Sweden and the Government of the Republic of Estonia on the Delimitation of the Maritime Zones in the Baltic Sea](#), 2 November 1998(entry into force: 26 July 2000; registration #: 44413; registration date: 1 October 2007)

Length

1,143 km

Coastline

Length

3,794 km

¹⁵ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/EST.htm>

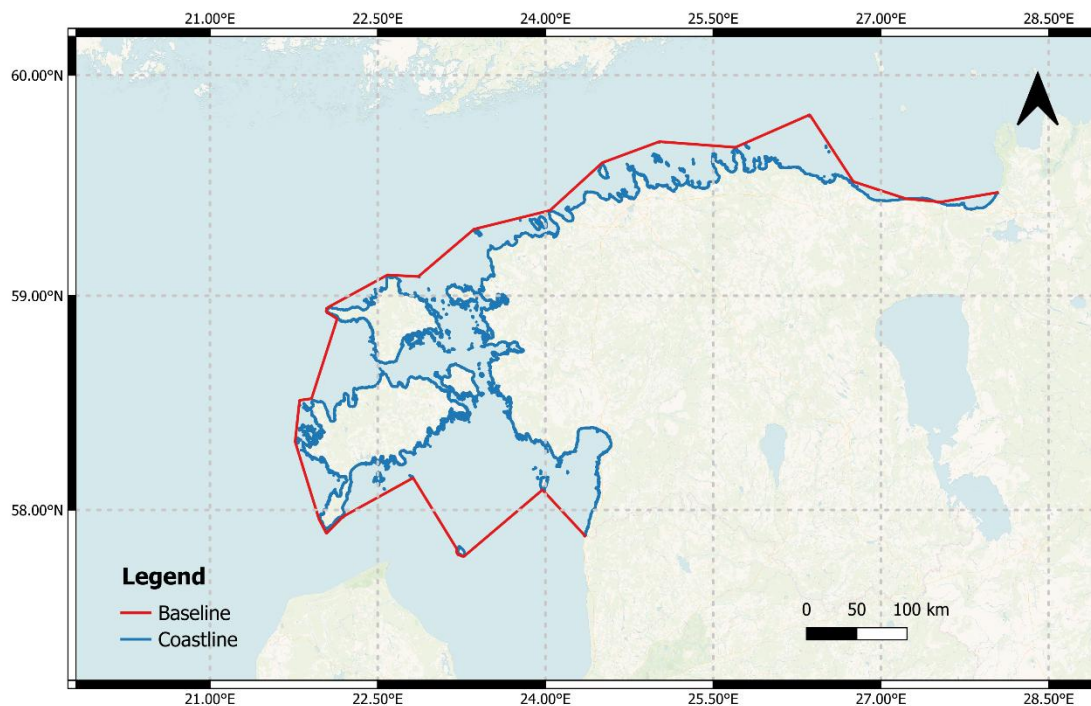


Figure 4-8 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of Estonia

4.9 Finland

Country	Finland
<i>Data provider</i>	The National Land Survey of Finland, derived from the Finnish Terrain Database, downloaded as "mtkmaasto.zip" in December 2023
<i>Link available</i>	https://julkinen.traficom.fi/oskari/
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	Act on the Delimitation of the Territorial Waters of Finland, No. 463 of 18 August 1956
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements</i> ¹⁶	Estonia Agreement between the Republic of Finland and the Republic of Estonia on the Boundary of the Maritime Zones in the Gulf of Finland and on the Northern Baltic Sea , 18 October 1996 (entry into force: 7 January 1997; registration #: 33549; registration date: 20 February 1997)

¹⁶ <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/FIN.htm>

Sweden

[Agreement between the Republic of Finland and the Kingdom of Sweden on the delimitation of the boundary between the continental shelf and fishery zone of Finland and the Economic Zone of Sweden in the Aland Sea and the Northern Baltic Sea \(with protocol and map\)](#), 2 June 1994 (entry into force: 30 July 1995; registration #: 32126; registration date: 11 September 1995)

Estonia and Sweden

[Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Finland, the Government of the Republic of Estonia and the Government of the Kingdom of Sweden on the common maritime boundary point in the Baltic Sea](#), 16 January 2001 (entry into force: 12 August 2001; registration #: 44411; registration date: 1 October 2007)

Russian Federation

[Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Finland and the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics concerning the boundaries of sea areas and of the continental shelf in the Gulf of Finland](#), 20 May 1965 (entry into force: 25 May 1966; registration #: 8238; registration date: 6 July 1966; link to UNTS)

Length 1,306 km

Coastline

Length 1,250 km

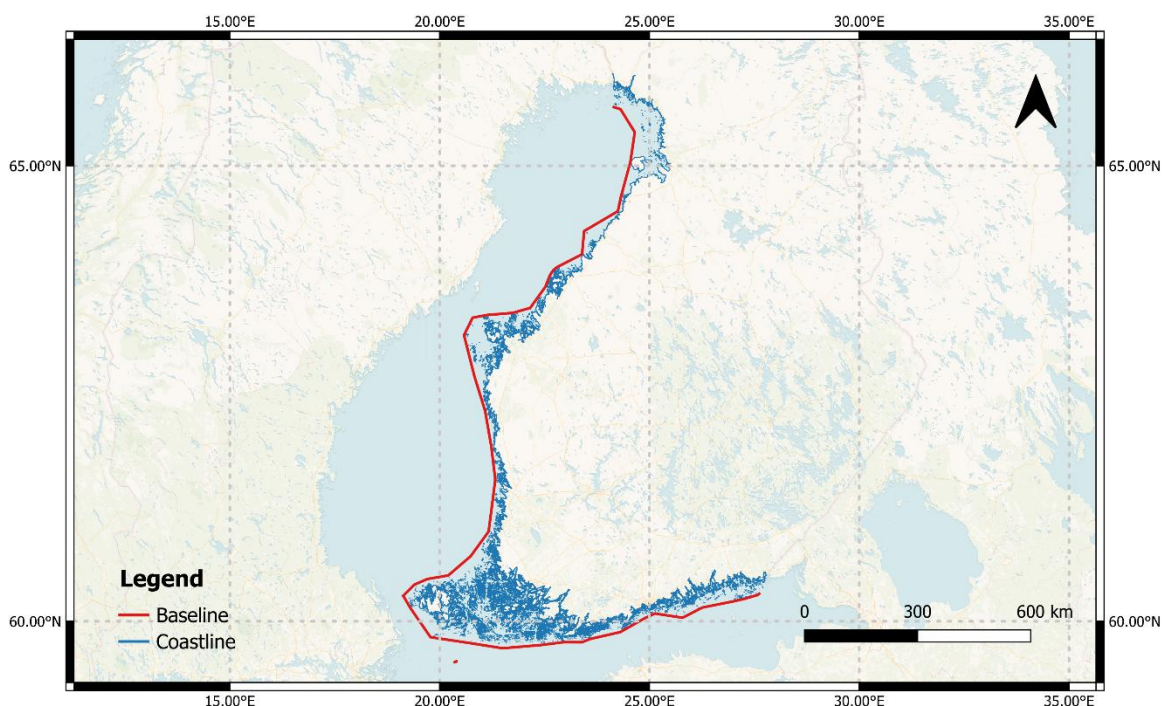


Figure 4-9 Visualization of the available baseline and coastline of Finland

4.10 France

Country	France
<i>Data provider</i>	Service Hydrographique et Océanographique de la Marine (SHOM)
<i>Link available</i>	https://maritimelimits.gouv.fr/themes/french-maritime-areas https://maritimelimits.gouv.fr/themes/limits-competence-and-reporting
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	Decree of 19 October 1967 defining the straight baselines and the lines enclosing bays used in determining the baselines from which the breadth of the territorial waters is measured
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements¹⁷</i>	Belgium Agreement between the Government of the French Republic and the Government of the Kingdom of Belgium on the delimitation of the territorial sea , 8 October 1990 (entry into force: 7 April 1993; registration #: 30173; registration date: 3 August 1993) Agreement between the Government of the French Republic and the Government of the Kingdom of Belgium on the delimitation of the

¹⁷ Only European boundaries are listed here. For a full global list, see <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/FRA.htm>

[continental shelf](#), 8 October 1990 (entry into force: 7 April 1993; registration #: 30172; registration date: 3 August 1993)

Italy

[Agreement between the Government of the French Republic and the Government of the Italian Republic on the Delimitation of maritime frontiers in the area of the straits of Bonifacio](#), 28 November 1986 (entry into force: 15 May 1989; registration #: 26933; registration date: 28 November 1989)

Monaco

[Exchange of letters on settlement of problems concerning the delimitation of Monegasque territorial waters constituting an agreement relating to article 4 of the Treaty of 17 July 1918 establishing the relations of France with the Principality of Monaco](#), 18 May 1963 (entry into force: 18 May 1963; registration #: 26261; registration date: 4 November 1988)

Netherlands

[Agreement between the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Government of the French Republic on maritime delimitations in the Caribbean region](#), 6 April 2016 (entry into force: 1 April 2017; registration #: 55222; registration date: 4 June 2018)

Spain

[Convention between the Government of the French Republic and the Government of the Spanish State on the delimitation of the continental shelves of the two States in the Bay of Biscay \(Golfe de Gascogne/Golfo de Vizcaya\) \(with annex, exchange of letters and map\)](#), 29 January 1974; (entry into force: 5 April 1975; registration #: 14591; registration date: 19 February 1976)

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

[Agreement between the Government of the French Republic and the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland relating to the completion of the delimitation of the continental shelf in the southern North Sea](#), 23 July 1991 (entry into force: 17 March 1992; registration #: 29182; registration date: 22 October 1992)

Length

5,940 km

Coastline

Length

13,777 km only for mainland (incl. Corsica)
14,739 km territorial

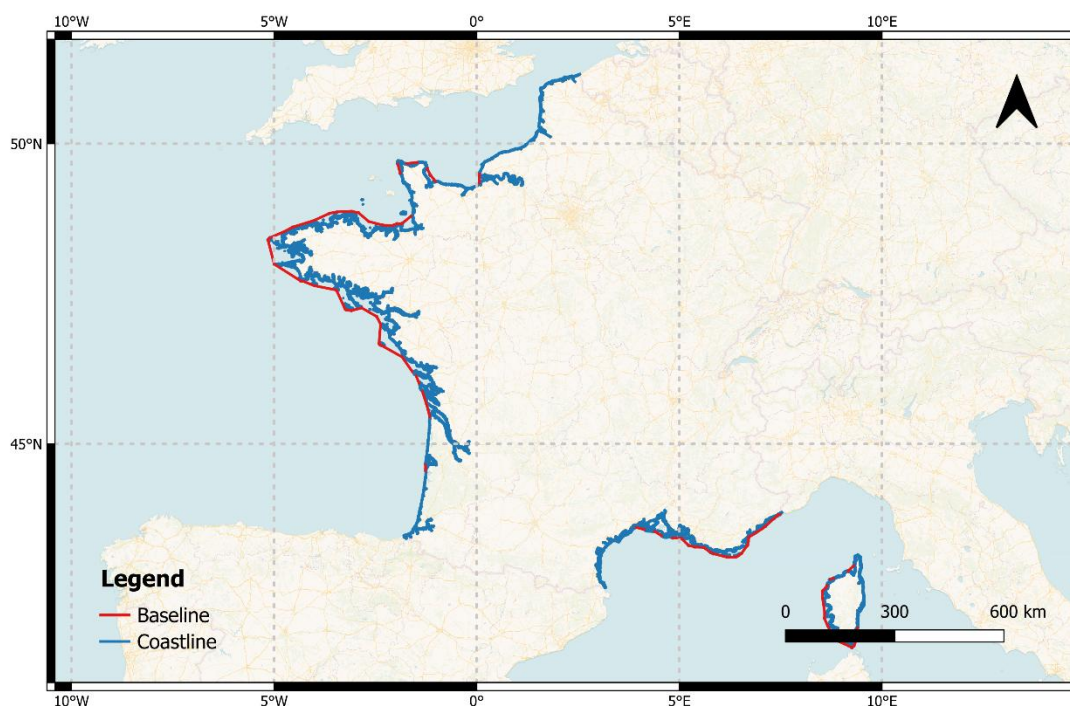


Figure 4-10 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of France

4.11 Georgia

Country	Georgia
Data provider	-
Link available	-
Baseline	
Legislation	Law Concerning the Naval Space of Georgia, 24 December 1998
Maritime boundary delimitation agreements ¹⁸	Türkiye Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Türkiye and the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics concerning the Delimitation of the Continental Shelf Between the Republic of Türkiye and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in the Black Sea , 23 June 1978 (entry into force: 15 May 1981; registration #: 20344; registration date: 11 August 1981)
Length	-
Coastline	
Length	310 km

¹⁸ <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/GEO.htm>

4.12 Germany

Country	Germany
<i>Data provider</i>	Federal Maritime and Hydrographic Agency (BSH)
<i>Link available</i>	https://www.geoseaportal.de/mapapps/?lang=en
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	<p>Proclamation of 11 November 1994 by the Government of the Federal Republic of Germany concerning the extension of the breadth of the German territorial sea</p> <p>Denmark</p> <p>Agreement between the Kingdom of Denmark and the Federal Republic of Germany concerning the delimitation, in the coastal regions, of the continental shelf of the North Sea, 9 June 1965 (entry into force: 27 May 1966; registration #: 8289; registration date: 3 August 1966)</p> <p>Netherlands</p> <p>Special Agreement for the submission to the International Court of Justice of a difference between the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Federal Republic of Germany concerning the delimitation, as between the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Federal Republic of Germany, of the continental shelf in the North Sea, 2 February 1967 (entry into force: 2 February 1967; registration #: 8779; registration date: 2 October 1967)</p> <p>Denmark and Netherlands</p> <p>Protocol to the Treaties of 28 January 1971 between the Federal Republic of Germany and Denmark and the Kingdom of the Netherlands, respectively, concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf under the North Sea, 28 January 1971 (entry into force: 28 January 1971 and with retroactive effect from 7 December 1972; registration #: 12297; registration date: 21 February 1973)</p> <p>Poland</p> <p>Treaty between the Polish People's Republic and the German Democratic Republic concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf in the Baltic Sea, 29 October 1968 (entry into force: 16 April.1969; registration #: 10974; registration date: 2 March 1971; link to UNTS)</p> <p>Sweden</p> <p>Treaty between the German Democratic Republic and the Kingdom of</p>
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements¹⁹</i>	

¹⁹ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/DEU.htm>

[Sweden on the delimitation of the continental shelf \(with protocol\)](#), 22 June 1978 (entry into force: 20 December 1978; registration #: 18021; registration date: 31 October 1979)

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

[Agreement between the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Federal Republic of Germany relating to the delimitation of the continental shelf under the North Sea between the two countries \(with chart\)](#), 25 November 1971 (entry into force: 7 December 1972; registration #: 12626; registration date: 19.06.1973)

Length 393 km

Coastline

Length 2,389 km

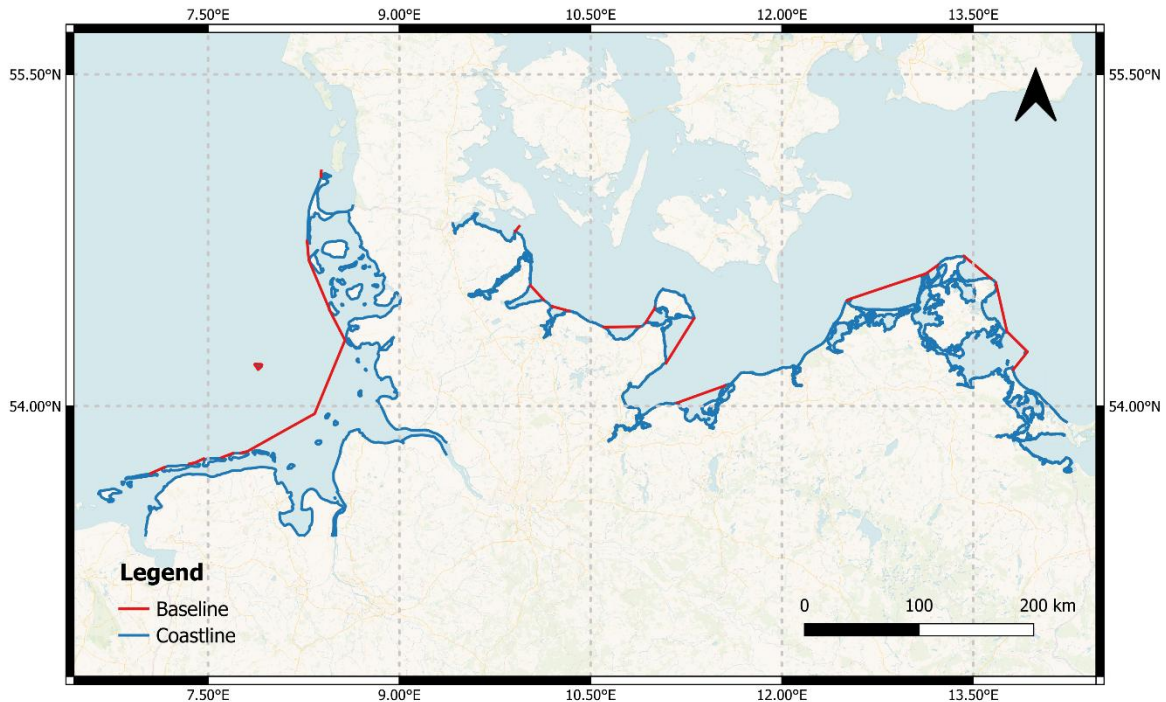


Figure 4-11 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of Germany

4.13 Greece

Country	Greece
<i>Data provider</i>	Hellenic Navy Hydrographic Service (HNHS)
<i>Link available</i>	-

Baseline	
Legislation	Law No. 230 of 17 September 1936
Maritime boundary delimitation agreements ²⁰	<p>Italy</p> <p>Agreement between the Hellenic Republic and the Italian Republic on the delimitation of the respective continental shelf areas of the two States, 24 May 1977 (entry into force: 12 November 1980; registration #: 21048; registration date: 29 April 1982)</p> <p>Cyprus, Türkiye and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland</p> <p>Treaty between the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Hellenic Republic, the Republic of Türkiye and the Republic of Cyprus concerning the Establishment of the Republic of Cyprus (Annex A of Original Agreement), 16 August 1960 (entry into force: 16 August 1960; registration #: 5476; registration date: 12 December 1960)</p>
Length	18,206 km
Coastline	
Length	13,676 km

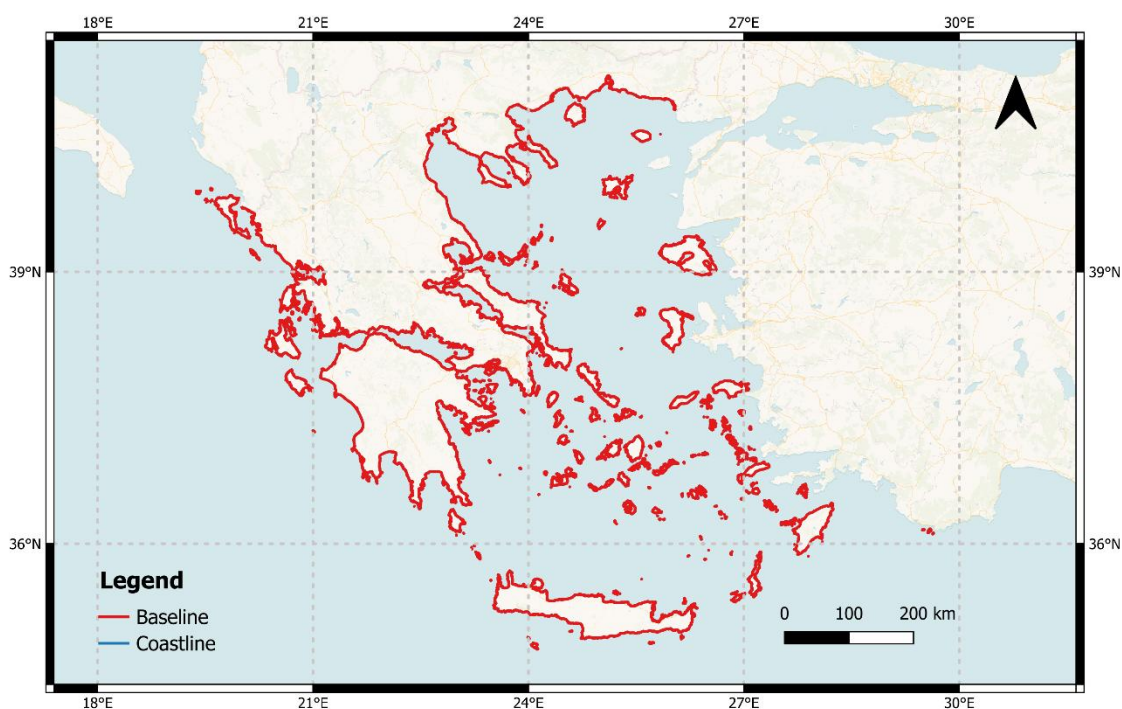


Figure 4-12 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of Greece

²⁰ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/GRC.htm>

4.14 Iceland

Country	Iceland
<i>Data provider</i>	Landmælingar Íslands
<i>Link available</i>	https://gatt.lmi.is/geonetwork/srv/eng/catalog.search#/search
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	Law No. 41 of 1 June 1979 concerning the Territorial Sea, the Economic Zone and the Continental Shelf
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements²¹</i>	<p>Denmark</p> <p>Agreement between the Government of the Kingdom of Denmark along with the Local Government of Greenland on the one hand, and the Government of the Republic of Iceland on the other hand on the Delimitation of the Continental Shelf and the Fishery Zone in the Area between Greenland and Iceland, 11 November 1997 (entry into force: 27 May 1998; registration #: 35941; registration date: 1 August 1999)</p> <p>Norway</p> <p>Additional Protocol to the Agreement of 28 May 1980 between Norway and Iceland concerning Fishery and Continental Shelf Questions and the Supplementary Agreement derived therefrom of 22 October 1981 on the Continental Shelf in the Area between Jan Mayen and Iceland, 11 November 1997 (entry into force: 27 May 1998; registration #s: 37025; 37026; registration date: 8 November 2000)</p>
<i>Length</i>	1,483 km
Coastline	
<i>Length</i>	4,970 km

²¹Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/ISL.htm>

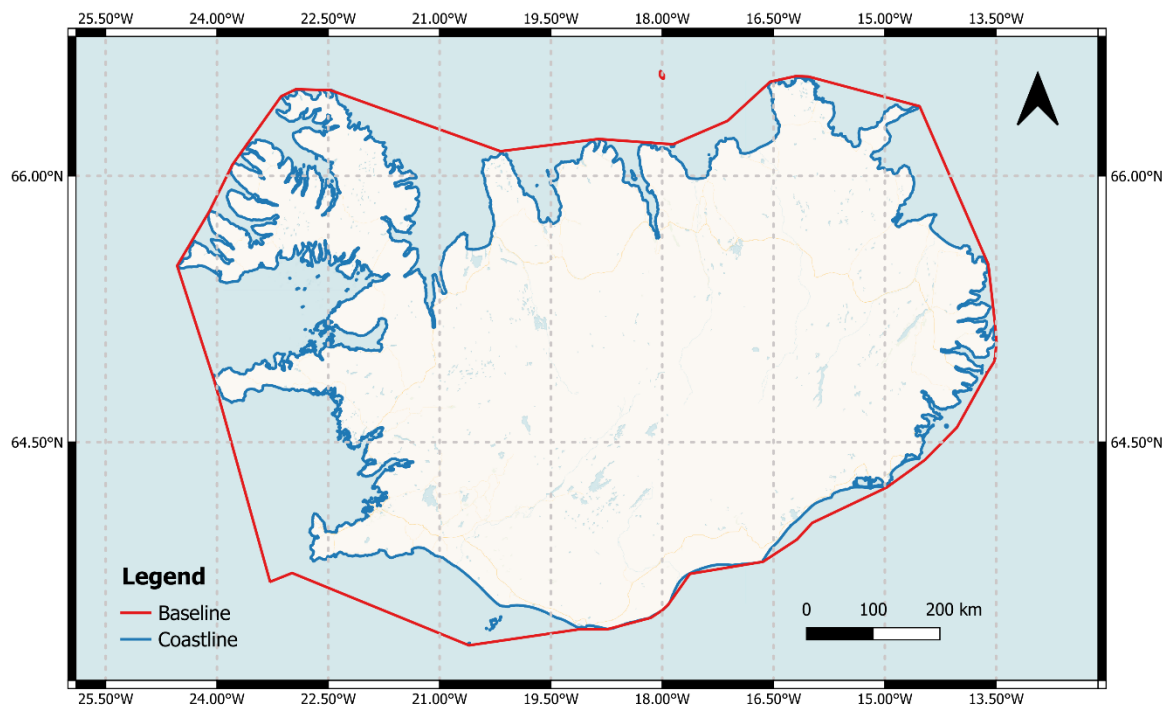


Figure 4-13 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of Iceland

4.15 Ireland

Country	Ireland
<i>Data provider</i>	Geological Survey of Ireland (GSI)
<i>Link available</i>	https://data.gov.ie/dataset/maritime-limits-irish-baseline https://data.gov.ie/dataset/shoreline-coastline
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	Maritime Jurisdiction Act, (Straight Baselines) Order, 1959 (repealed)
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements</i> ²²	United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland Agreement between the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Government of the Republic of Ireland concerning the delimitation of areas of the continental shelf between the two countries , 7 November 1988 (entry into force: 11 January 1990; registration #: 27204; registration date: 3 May 1990)
<i>Length</i>	912 km

²² Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/IRL.htm>

Coastline

Length 1,448 km

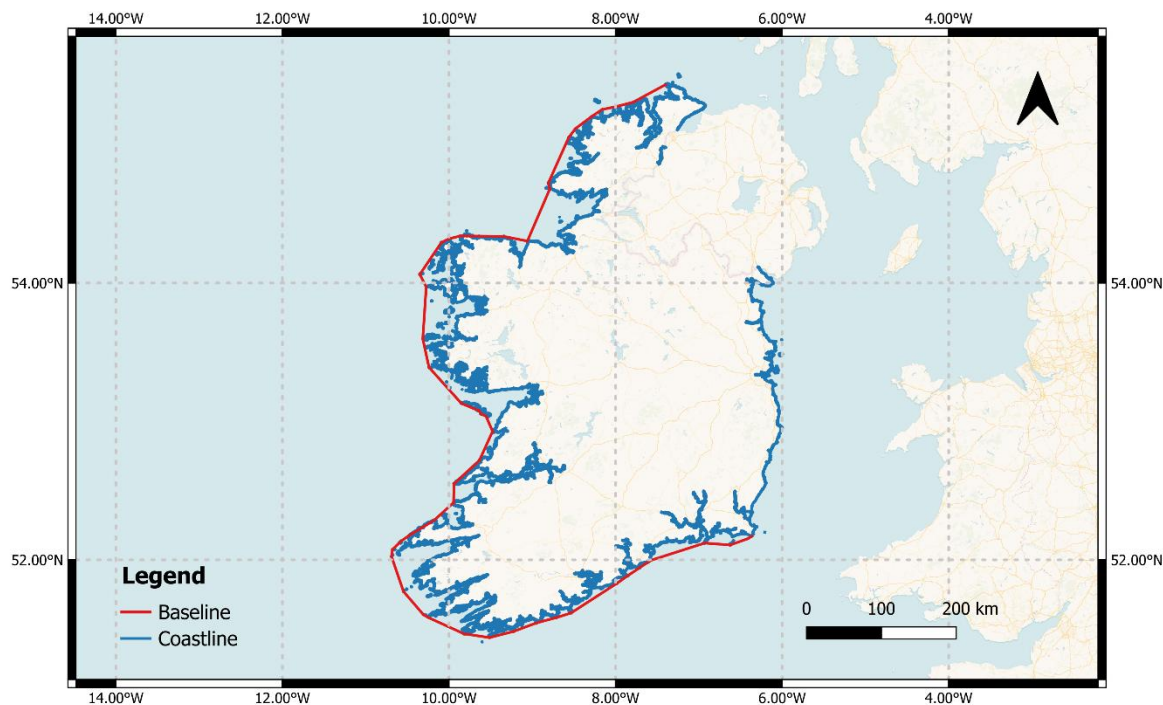


Figure 4-14 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of Ireland

4.16 Israel

Country	Israel
<i>Data provider</i>	Israel Oceanographic and Limnological Research (IOLR)
<i>Link available</i>	
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	Territorial Waters Law , 5717/1956, as amended by the Territorial Waters (Amendment) Law, 5750-1990, of 5 February 1990
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements</i> ²³	Cyprus Agreement between the Government of the State of Israel and the Government of the Republic of Cyprus on the Delimitation of the Exclusive Economic Zone , signed in Nicosia on 17 December 2010 (entry into force: 25 February 2011; registration #:I-48387 ; registration date:

²³ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/ISR.htm>

9 March 2011)

Jordan

[Maritime Boundary Agreement between the Government of the State of Israel and the Government of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan](#), 18 January 1996 (entry into force: 17 February 1996; registration #: 35333; registration date: 11 November 1998)

Length

Coastline

Length

273 km

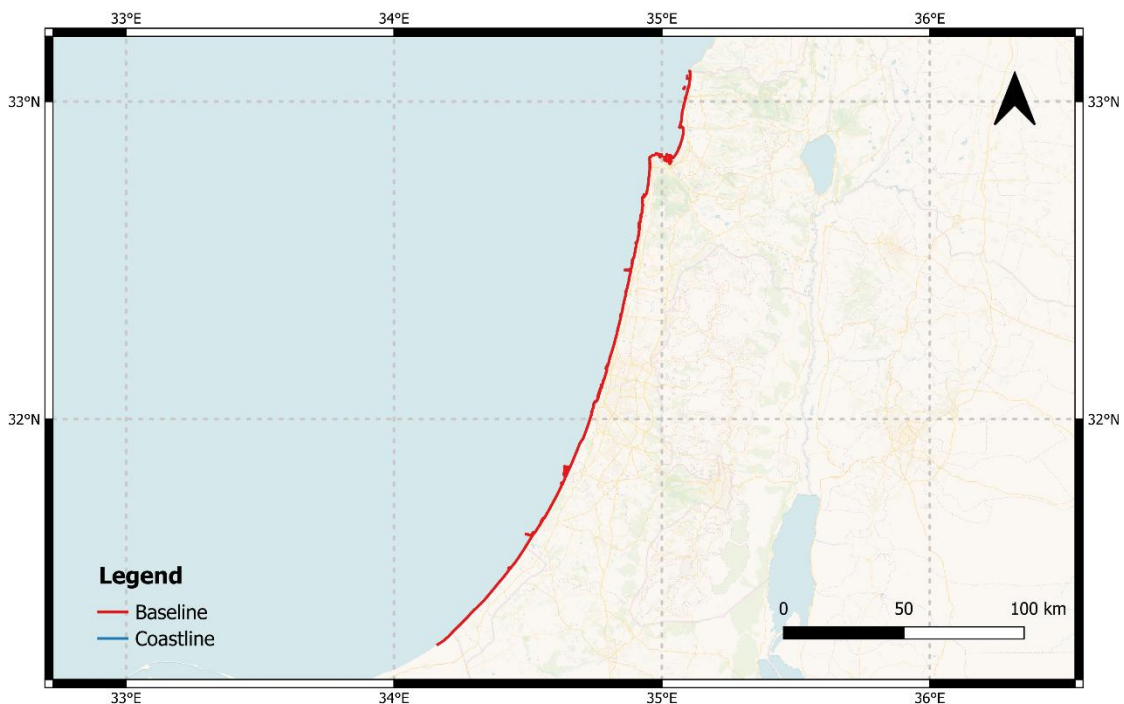


Figure 4-15 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of Israel

4.17 Italy

Country	Italy
Data provider	Istituto Idrografico Della Marina (IIM)
Link available	-
Baseline	
Legislation	Decree of the President of the Republic No. 816 of 26 April 1977 containing regulations concerning the application of Law No. 1658 of 8 December

Maritime boundary
delimitation
agreements²⁴

1961 authorizing accession to the Convention on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone, adopted at Geneva on 29 April 1958, and giving effect to that Convention

Albania

[Agreement between the Republic of Albania and the Republic of Italy for the determination of the continental shelf of each of the two countries](#), 18 December 1992

Croatia

[Agreement between Italy and Yugoslavia concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf between the two countries in the Adriatic Sea](#), 8 January 1968

France

[Agreement between the Government of the French Republic and the Government of the Italian Republic on the Delimitation of maritime frontiers in the area of the straits of Bonifacio](#), 28 November 1986 (entry into force: 15 May 1989; registration #: 26933; registration date: 28 November 1989; link to UNTS)

Greece

[Agreement between the Hellenic Republic and the Italian Republic on the delimitation of the respective continental shelf areas of the two States](#), 24 May 1977 (entry into force: 12 November 1980; registration #: 21048; registration date: 29 April 1982)

Slovenia

[Agreement between Italy and Yugoslavia concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf between the two countries in the Adriatic Sea](#), 8 January 1968

Spain

[Convention between Spain and Italy on the delimitation of the continental shelf between the two States \(with chart\)](#), 19 February 1974 (entry into force: 16 November 1978; registration #: 17429; registration date: 29 December 1978)

Serbia and Montenegro

[Agreement between Italy and Yugoslavia concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf between the two countries in the Adriatic Sea](#), 8 January 1968

Length

3,164 km

²⁴ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/ITA.htm>

Coastline

Length 7,600 km

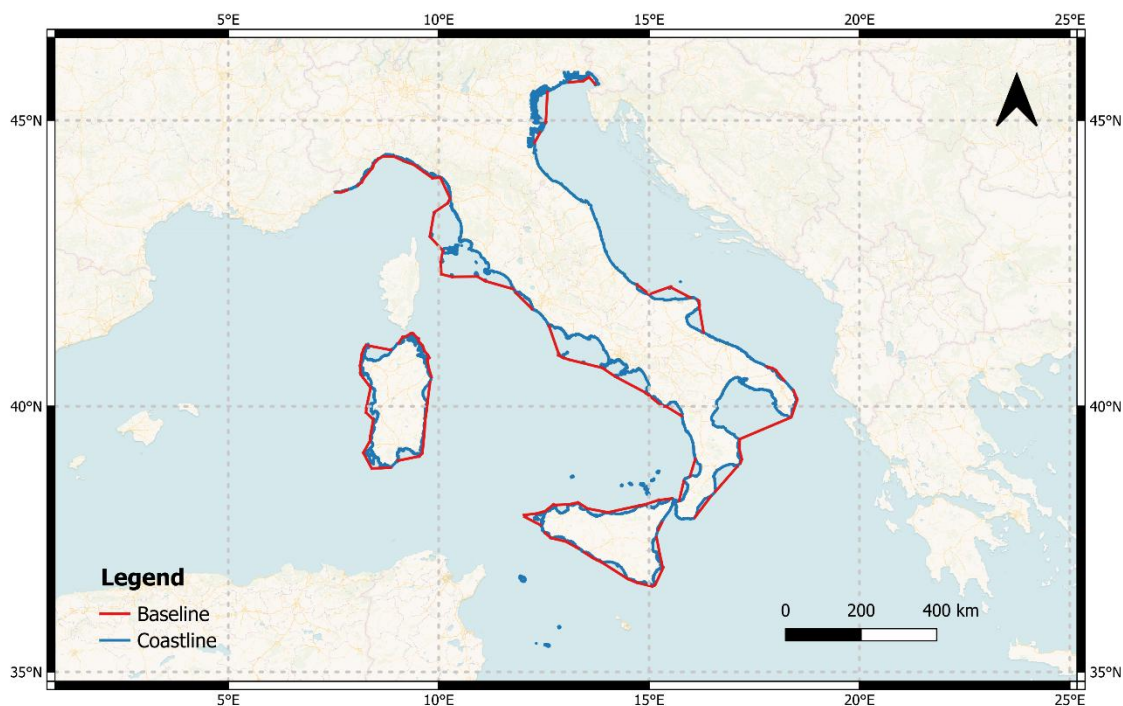


Figure 4-16 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of Italy

4.18 Latvia

Country	Latvia
Data provider	Maritime Administration of Latvia (MAL)
Link available	https://likumi.lv/ta/id/215323-noteikumi-par-bazes-liniju-punktu-koordinatam
Baseline	
Legislation	Law of the Republic of Latvia "On the Border of the Republic of Latvia. 01/01/1990
Maritime boundary delimitation agreements ²⁵	Estonia Agreement between the Republic of Estonia and the Republic of Latvia on the Maritime Delimitation in the Gulf of Riga, the Strait of Irbe and the Baltic Sea, 12 July 1996 (entry into force: 10 October 1996;

²⁵ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/LVA.htm>

registration #: 33489; registration date: 6 January 1997)

Estonia and Sweden

[Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Estonia, the Government of the Republic of Latvia and the Government of the Kingdom of Sweden on the Common Maritime Boundary Point in the Baltic Sea](#), 30 April 1997 (entry into force: 20 February 1998; registration #: 44412; registration date: 1 October 2007)

Length 478 km

Coastline

Length 498 km

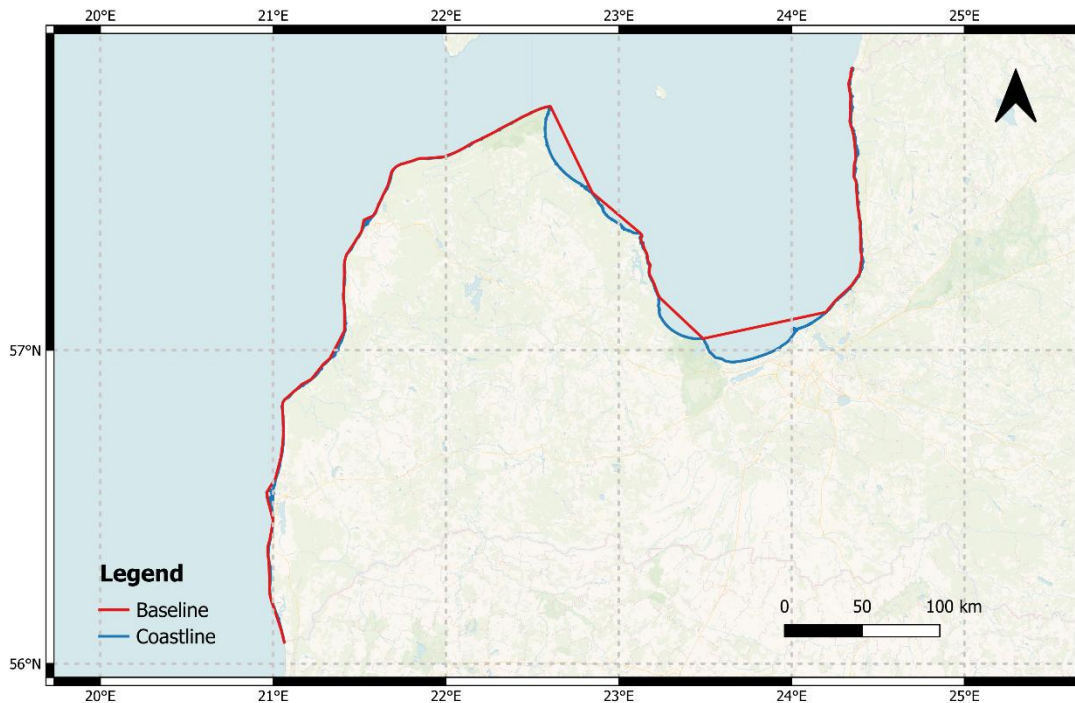


Figure 4-17 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of Latvia

4.19 Lithuania

Country

Data provider UNCLOS database

Link available -

Baseline

Legislation [Legislation on the territorial sea](#), 25 June 1992

<p><i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements</i>²⁶</p>	<p>Notices to Mariners from the Lithuanian Transport Safety Administration Waterborne Transport Department, Hydrography Division, 28 June 2024</p> <p>Russian Federation</p> <p>Treaty between the Republic of Lithuania and the Russian Federation on the Delimitation of the Exclusive Economic Zone and the Continental Shelf in the Baltic Sea, 24 October 1997</p> <p>Sweden</p> <p>Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Lithuania and the Government of the Kingdom of Sweden on the delimitation of the exclusive economic zones and the continental shelf in the Baltic Sea, 10 April 2014 (entry into force: 23 December 2014; registration #: 53412; registration date: 6 January 2016)</p> <p>Sweden and Russian Federation</p> <p>Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Lithuania, the Government of the Russian Federation and the Government of the Kingdom of Sweden on the common point of boundaries of the exclusive economic zones and continental shelf in the Baltic Sea, 30 November 2005 (entry into force: 17 June 2011; registration #: 53411; registration date: 6 January 2016)</p>
<p><i>Length</i></p>	<p>90 km</p>
<p>Coastline</p>	
<p><i>Length</i></p>	<p>90 km</p>

²⁶ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/LTU.htm>

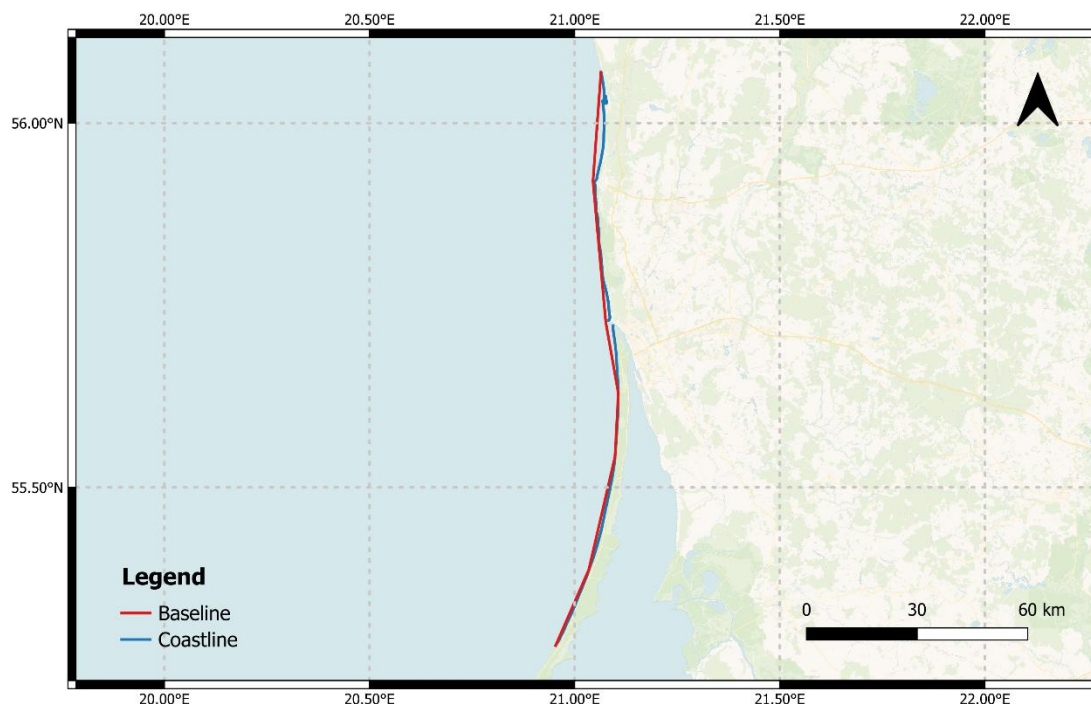


Figure 4-18 Visualization of the available baseline of Lithuania

4.20 Malta

Country	Malta
<i>Data provider</i>	Continental Shelf Department
<i>Link available</i>	
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	Territorial Waters and Contiguous Zone Act (Cap. 226) Act XXXII of 1971, as amended by Acts: XLVI of 1975, XXIV of 1978, XXVIII of 1981, I of 2002, X of 2005 and XXIX of 2014.
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements²⁷</i>	Italy Agreement, through an exchange of Note Verbale, with Italy limited to the area between Malta and Sicily, in which the median line is taken as the provisional demarcation between the northern coast of Malta and the facing coast of Sicily, 29 April 1970.

²⁷ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/MLT.htm>

Libya

Malta-Libya Continental Shelf Delimitation (Ratification Act)
(Cap 316) Act III of 1987.

[Agreement between the Great Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya and the Republic of Malta implementing Article III of the Special Agreement and the Judgment of the International Court of Justice](#), 10 November 1986

Length 102 km

Coastline

Length 262 km

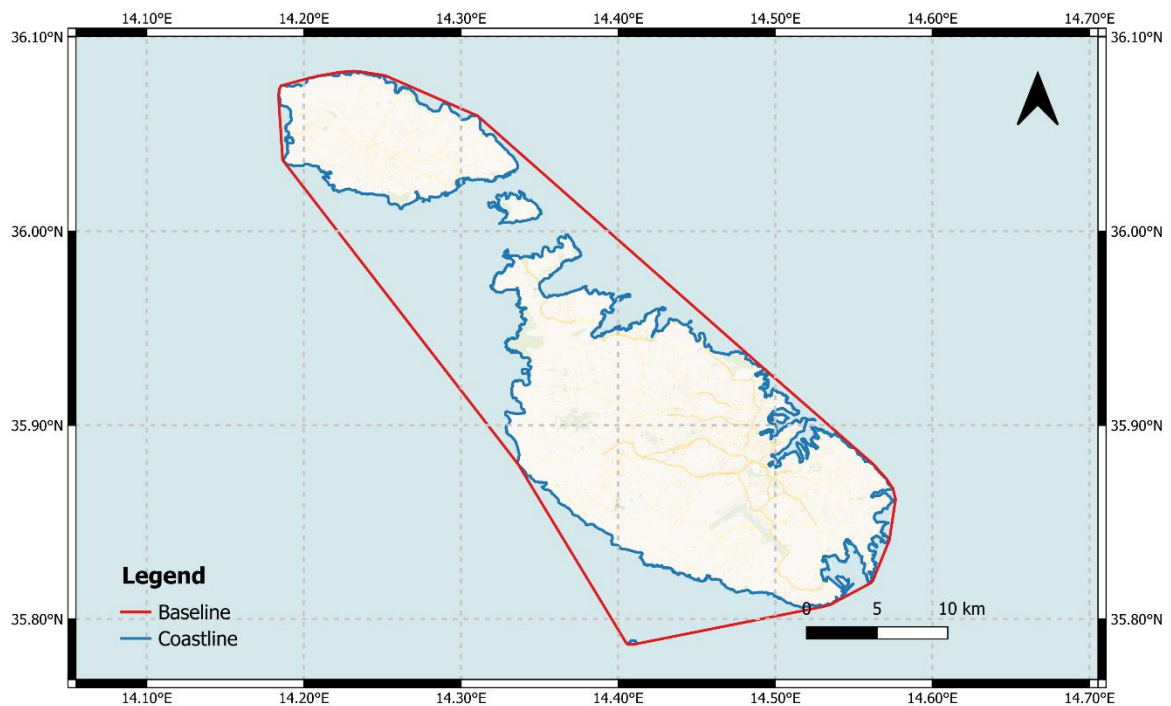


Figure 4-19 Visualization of the available Coastline and Baseline for Malta

4.21 Monaco

Country

Data provider -

Link available -

Legislation

[Sovereign Ordinance No. 5094 delimiting the Territorial Waters of Monaco](#), of 14 February 1973

	France
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements</i> ²⁸	Convention on Maritime Delimitation Agreement between the Government of His Most Serene Highness the Prince of Monaco and the Government of the French Republic (with map) , 16 February 1984 (entry into force: 22 August 1985; registration #: 23631; registration date: 22 November 1985)
<i>Length</i>	-
<i>Length</i>	4.1 km

4.22 Montenegro

Country	
<i>Data provider</i>	-
<i>Link available</i>	-
<i>Legislation</i>	Maritime and Inland Navigation Law, 12/98
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements</i> ²⁹	-
<i>Length</i>	-
<i>Length</i>	293.5 km

4.23 The Netherlands

Country	The Netherlands
<i>Data provider</i>	The Hydrographic Service of the Royal Netherlands Navy (RNLN)
<i>Link available</i>	https://english.defensie.nl/topics/hydrography/maritime-limits-and-boundaries/netherlands-boundaries-in-the-north-sea https://www.nationaalgeoregister.nl/geonetwork/srv/dut/catalog.search#/home
Baseline	

²⁸ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/MCO.htm>

²⁹ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/MNG.htm>

Legislation

[Netherlands Territorial Sea \(Demarcation\) Act of 9 January 1985](#)

Belgium

[Treaty between the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Kingdom of Belgium on the Delimitation of the Territorial Sea](#), 18 December 1996 (entry into force: 1 January 1999; registration #: 35449; registration date: 27 January 1999)

[Treaty between the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Kingdom of Belgium on the Delimitation of the Continental Shelf](#), 18 December 1996 (entry into force: 1 January 1999; registration #: 35448; registration date: 27 January 1999)

Denmark

[Agreement between the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Government of the Kingdom of Denmark concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf under the North Sea between the two countries](#), 31 March 1966 (entry into force: 1 August 1967; registration #: 8751; registration date: 29 August 1967)

France

[Agreement between the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Government of the French Republic on maritime delimitations in the Caribbean region](#), 6 April 2016 (entry into force: 1 April 2017; registration #: 55222; registration date: 4 June 2018)

Maritime
boundary
delimitation
agreements

30

Germany and Denmark

[Protocol to the Treaties of 28 January 1971 between the Federal Republic of Germany and Denmark and the Kingdom of the Netherlands, respectively, concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf under the North Sea](#), 28 January 1971 (entry into force: 28 January 1971 and with retroactive effect from 7 December 1972; registration #: 12297; registration date: 21 February 1973)

Germany

[Special Agreement for the submission to the International Court of Justice of a difference between the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Federal Republic of Germany concerning the delimitation, as between the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Federal Republic of Germany, of the continental shelf in the North Sea](#), 2 February 1967 (entry into force: 2 February 1967; registration #: 8779; registration date: 2 October 1967)

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

[Agreement between the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland relating to the delimitation of the continental shelf under the North Sea between the two countries](#), 6 October 1965 (entry into force: 23 December 1966; registration #: 8616; registration date: 17 April 1967)

³⁰ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/NLD.htm>

Length | 498 km

Coastline

Length | 451 km

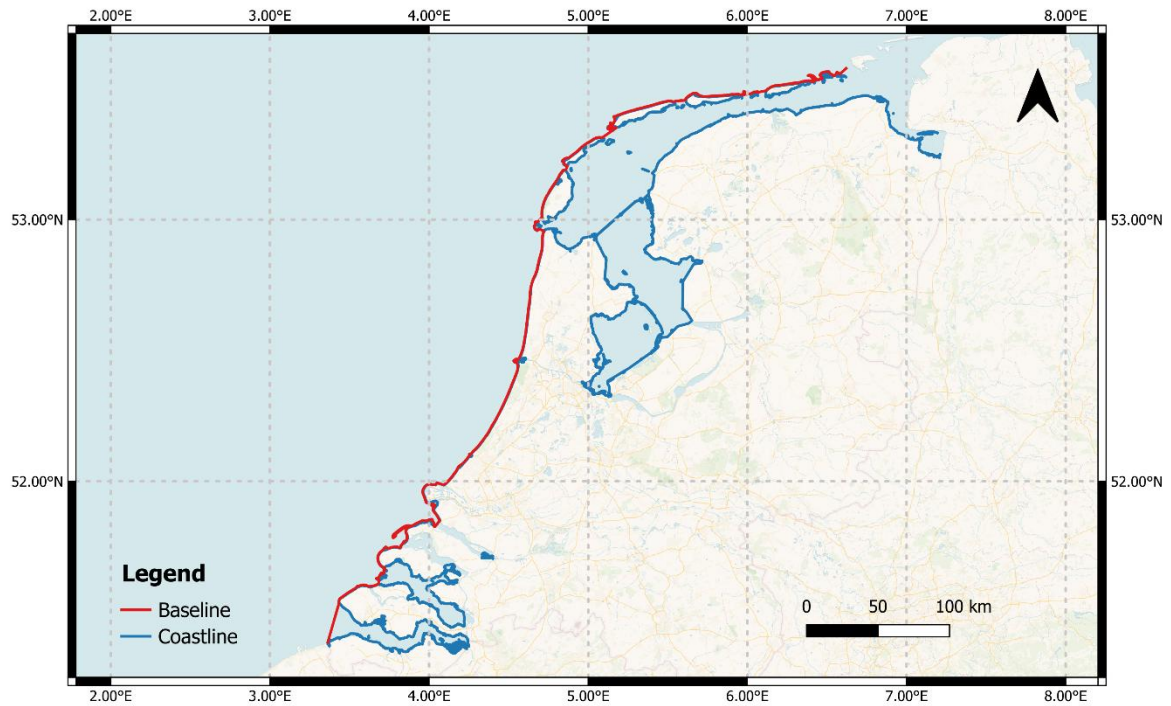


Figure 4-20 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of the Netherlands

4.24 Norway

Country	Norway
<i>Data provider</i>	UNEP GRID-Arendal (GRID), Norwegian Mapping Authority – Hydrographic Service (NHS)
<i>Link available</i>	https://kartkatalog.geonorge.no/metadata/norges-maritime-grenser/e106adf4-c9d8-4fce-a9b5-7886a4126d23
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	Royal Decree of 12 July 1935 , relating to the Baselines for the Norwegian Fishery Zone as regards that part of Norway which is situated to the north of 66°28'8 N Latitude (repealed by Royal Decree of 14 June 2002 as of 1 July 2002, date of entry into force of the Royal Decree.)

Maritime boundary
delimitation
agreements³¹

Denmark

[Agreement between Denmark and Norway relating to the delimitation of the continental shelf \(with map\)](#), 8 December 1965 (entry into force: 22 June 1966; registration #: 9052; registration date: 4 April 1968)

Iceland

[Agreement between Norway and Iceland on the continental shelf between Iceland and Jan Mayen](#), 22 October 1981 (entry into force: 2 June 1982; registration #: 37026; registration date: 8 November 2000)

Sweden

[Agreement between Sweden and Norway concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf](#), 24 July 1968 (entry into force: 18 March 1969; registration #: 14015; registration date: 20 May 1975)

Russian Federation

[Agreement between the Royal Norwegian Government and the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics concerning the sea frontier between Norway and the USSR in the Varangerfjord](#), 15 February 1957 (entry into force: 24 April 1957; registration #: 4523; registration date: 26 September 1958)

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

[Agreement between the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Government of the Kingdom of Norway relating to the delimitation of the continental shelf between the two countries](#), 10 March 1965 (entry into force: 29 June 1965; registration #: 8043; registration date: 14 January 1966)

Length

4,785 km

Coastline

Length

83,281 km

³¹ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/NOR.htm>

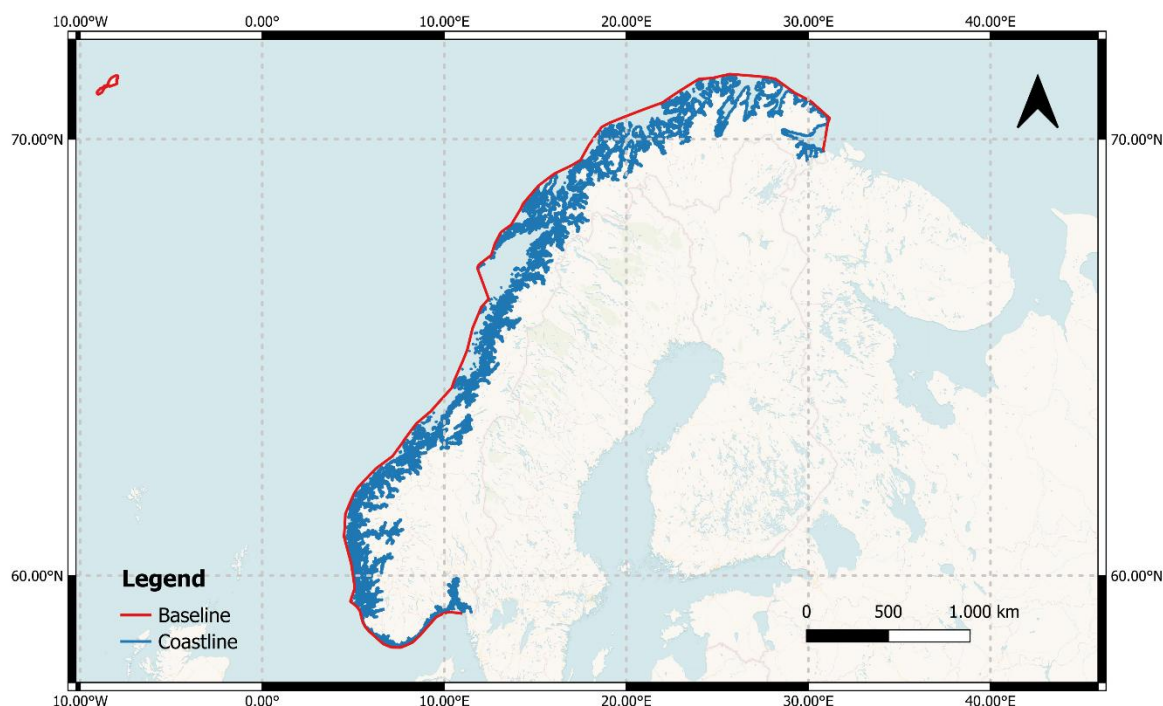


Figure 4-21 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of Norway

4.25 Poland

Country	Poland
<i>Data provider</i>	Hydrographic Office of the Polish Navy
<i>Link available</i>	https://sipam.gov.pl/
Baseline	Act concerning the maritime areas of the Polish Republic and the marine administration, 21 March 1991
<i>Legislation</i>	Ordinance of the Council of Ministers on the detailed course of the baseline, external boundary of the territorial sea, and external boundary of the contiguous zone of the Republic of Poland, 13 January 2017: PDF , webpage
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements</i> ³²	Denmark Agreement between the Republic of Poland and the Kingdom of Denmark concerning the delimitation of maritime zones in the Baltic

³² Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/POL.htm>

[Sea, 19 November 2018](#) (entry into force: 28 June 2019; registration #: I-57283; registration date: 24 June 2022)

Germany

[Treaty between the Polish People's Republic and the German Democratic Republic concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf in the Baltic Sea](#), 29 October 1968 (entry into force: 16 April.1969; registration #: 10974; registration date: 2 March 1971)

Agreement between the Polish People's Republic and the German Democratic Republic on the delimitation of maritime areas in the Pomerania Bay, signed in Berlin on 22 May 1989: [PDF](#), [webpage](#)

Russian Federation

[Treaty \(with annexed maps\) concerning the demarcation of the existing Soviet-Polish State frontier in the sector adjoining the Baltic Sea](#), 5 March 1957 (entry into force: 4 May 1957; registration #: 3963; registration date: 7 August 1957)

Russian Federation and Sweden

[Agreement between the Government of the Kingdom of Sweden, the Government of the Polish People's Republic and the Government of the USSR concerning the Common Delimitation Point of their Maritime Boundaries in the Baltic Sea](#), 30 June 1989 (entry into force: 10 May 1990; registration #: 27841; registration date: 18 January 1991)

Sweden

[Agreement concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf and fishing zones between the Kingdom of Sweden and the Polish People's Republic. \(with nautical chart\)](#), 10 February 1989 (entry into force: 30 June 1989; registration #: 27846; registration date: 18 January 1991)

Length

405 km

Coastline

Length

440 km

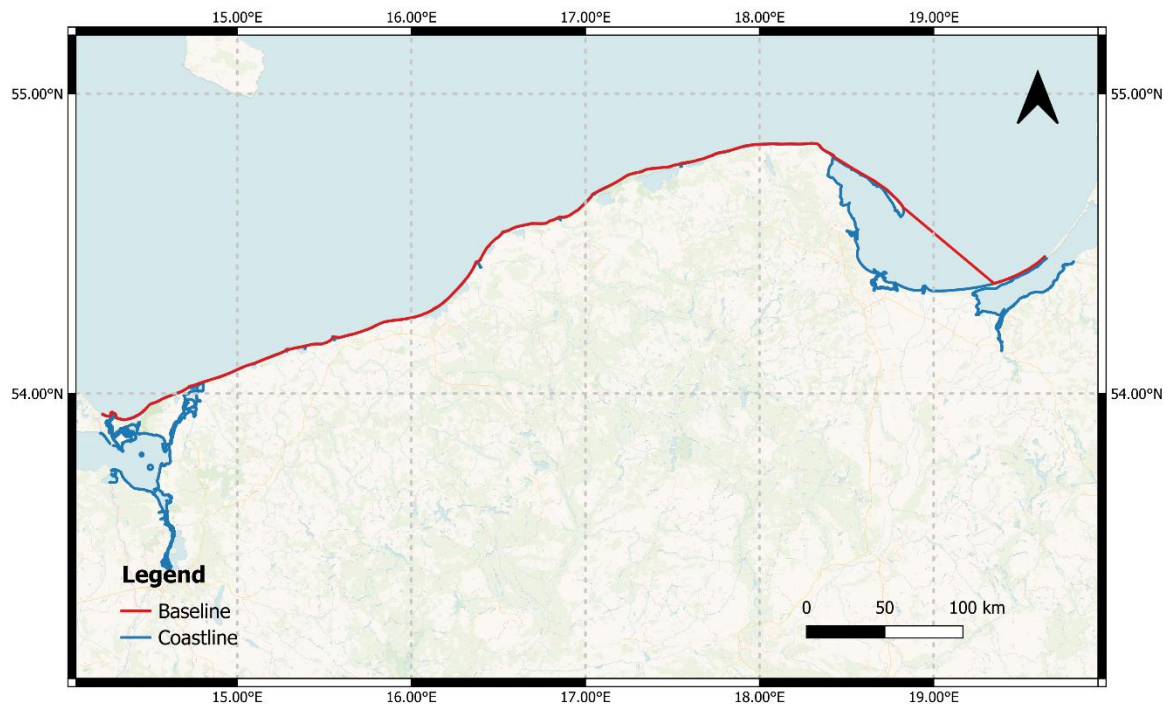


Figure 4-22 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of Poland

4.26 Portugal

Country	Portugal
<i>Data provider</i>	Instituto Hidrográfico (IHPT)
<i>Link available</i>	https://geomar.hidrografico.pt/
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	Decree-Law No. 495/85 of 29 November 1985
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements³³</i>	<p>Spain</p> <p>Agreement between Portugal and Spain on the Delimitation of the Territorial Sea and Contiguous Zone, 12 February 1976</p> <p>Agreement between Portugal and Spain on the Continental Shelf, 12 February 1976</p>
<i>Length</i>	1,467 km
Coastline	
<i>Length</i>	2,612 km ³⁴

³³ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/PRT.htm>

³⁴ Statistical Yearbook of Portugal (2021) https://www.ine.pt/xportal/xmain?xpid=INE&xpgid=ine_publicacoes&PUBLICACOESpub_boui=6174083&PUBLICACOESmodo=2

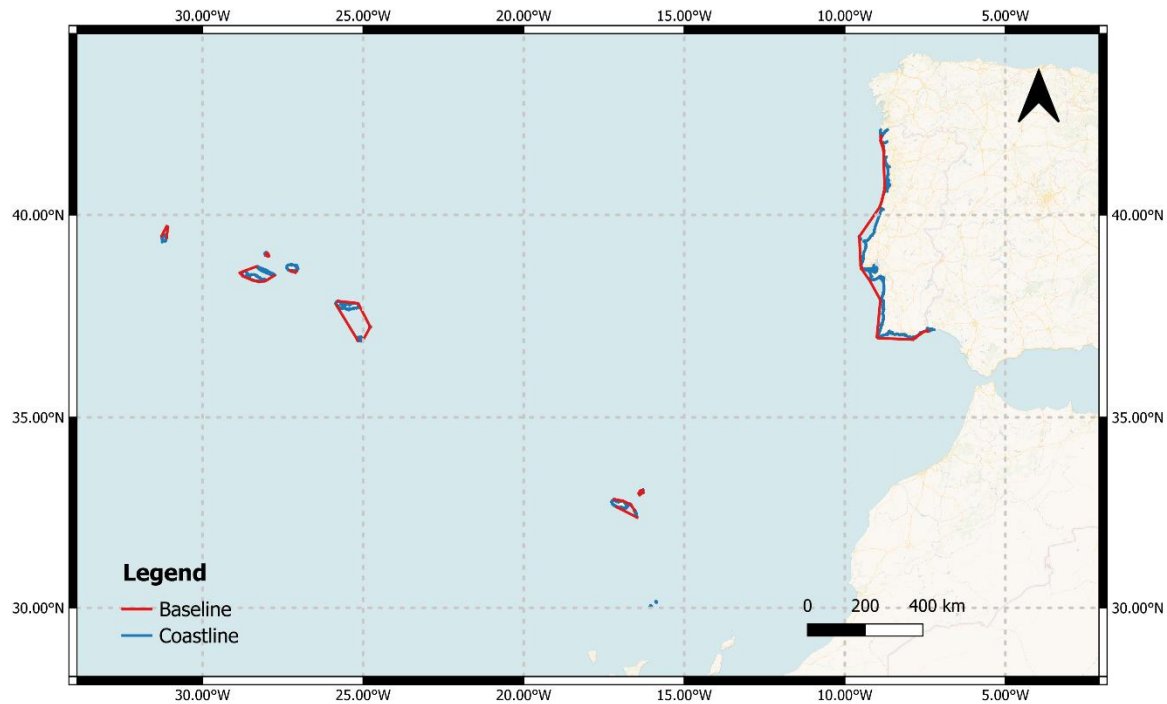


Figure 4-23 Visualization of the available Coastline and Baseline for Portugal

4.27 Romania

Country	Romania
Data provider	National Institute for Marine Research and Development "Grigore Antipa"
Link available	
Baseline	
Legislation	Act concerning the Legal Regime of the Internal Waters, the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone of Romania, 7 August 1990
Maritime boundary delimitation agreements ³⁵	Judgment of the International Court of Justice on the Case Concerning Maritime Delimitation in the Black Sea (Romania/Ukraine), 3 February 2009
Length	204 km
Coastline	
Length	225 km

³⁵ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/ROM.htm>

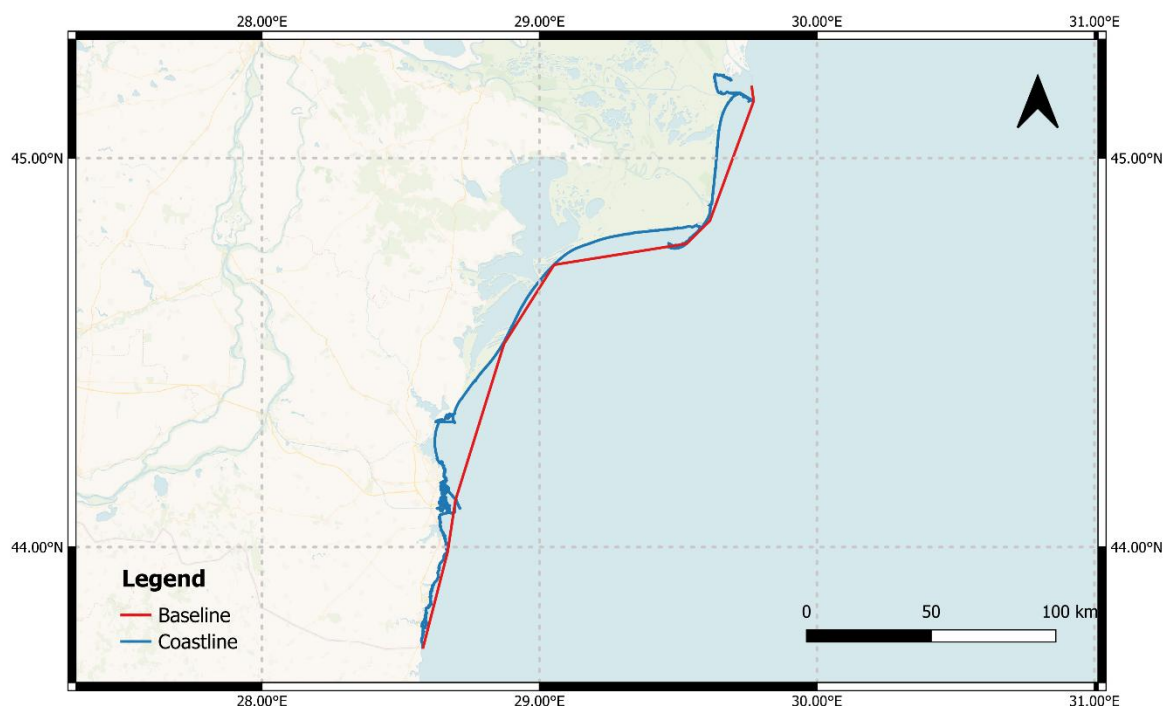


Figure 4-24 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline for Romania

4.28 Russian Federation

Country	Russian Federation
Data provider	-
Link available	-
Baseline	
Legislation	Decree of the Presidium of 6 February 1968 on the Continental Shelf
Maritime boundary delimitation agreements ³⁶	Finland Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Finland and the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics concerning the boundaries of sea areas and of the continental shelf in the Gulf of Finland , 20 May 1965 (entry into force: 25 May 1966; registration #: 8238; registration date: 6 July 1966)
	Lithuania Treaty between the Republic of Lithuania and the Russian Federation on the Delimitation of the Exclusive Economic Zone and the Continental

³⁶ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/RUS.htm>

[Shelf in the Baltic Sea](#), 24 October 1997

Lithuania and Sweden

[Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Lithuania, the Government of the Russian Federation and the Government of the Kingdom of Sweden on the common point of boundaries of the exclusive economic zones and continental shelf in the Baltic Sea](#), 30 November 2005, (entry into force: 17 June 2011; registration #: 53411; registration date: 6 January 2016)

Norway

[Agreement between the Royal Norwegian Government and the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics concerning the sea frontier between Norway and the USSR in the Varangerfjord](#), 15 February 1957 (entry into force: 24 April 1957; registration #: 4523; registration date: 26 October 1958)

Poland

[Treaty \(with annexed maps\) concerning the demarcation of the existing Soviet-Polish State frontier in the sector adjoining the Baltic Sea](#), 5 March 1957 (entry into force: 4 May 1957; registration #: 3963; registration date: 7 August 1957)

Poland and Sweden

[Agreement between the Government of the Kingdom of Sweden, the Government of the Polish People's Republic and the Government of the USSR concerning the Common Delimitation Point of their Maritime Boundaries in the Baltic Sea](#), 30 June 1989 (entry into force: 10 May 1990; registration #: 27841; registration date: 18 January 1991)

Türkiye

[Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Türkiye and the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf between the Republic of Türkiye and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in the Black Sea \(with maps\)](#), 23 June 1978 (entry into force: 15 May 1981; registration #: 20344; registration date: 11 August 1981)

Length

-

Coastline

Length

37,653 km

4.29 Slovenia

Country

Slovenia

Data provider Geodetic Institute of Slovenia (GIS)

Link available -

Baseline

Legislation [Maritime Code, 2001 \(Art. 13\)](#)

Maritime boundary delimitation agreements³⁷ **Italy**
[Agreement between Italy and Yugoslavia concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf between the two countries in the Adriatic Sea, 8 January 1968](#)

Length 61 km

Coastline

Length 46.6 km

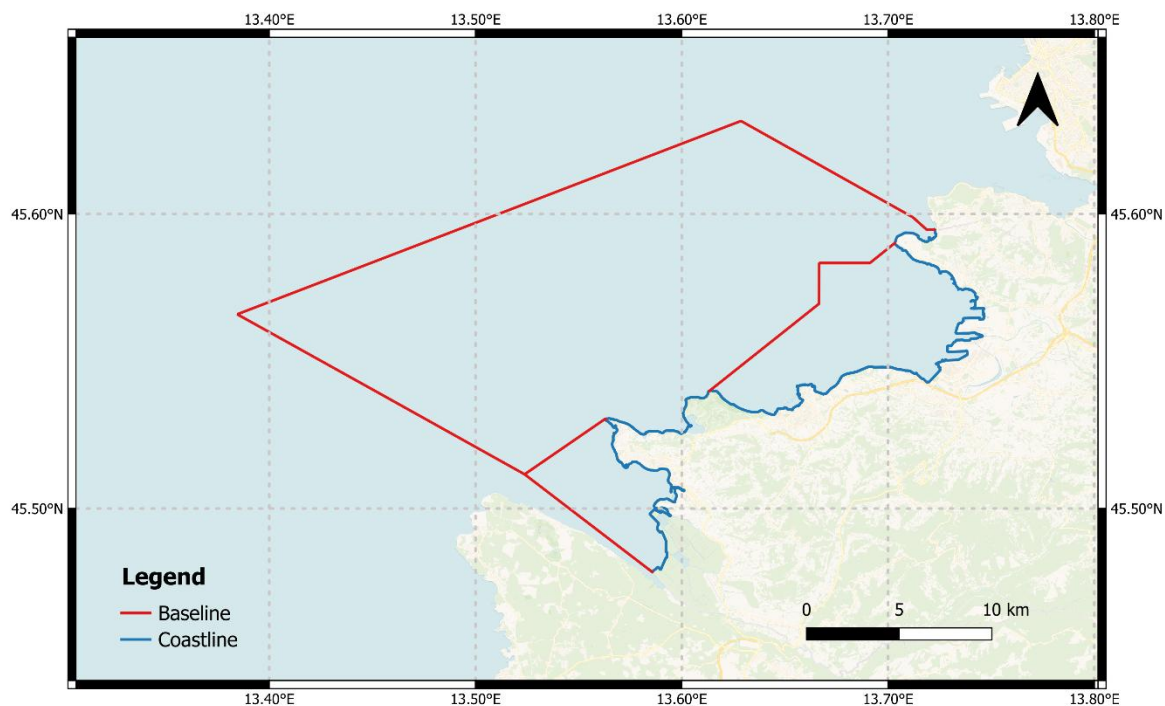


Figure 4-25 Visualization of the available Coastline and Baseline for Slovenia

4.30 Spain

³⁷ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/SVN.htm>

Country	Spain
Data provider	Hydrographic Institute of the Navy (IHM)
Link available	https://ideihm.covam.es/portal/en/web-services/
Baseline	
Legislation	Act No. 10/1977 of 4 January 1977
Maritime boundary delimitation agreements ³⁸	<p>France</p> <p>Convention between the Government of the French Republic and the Government of the Spanish State on the delimitation of the continental shelves of the two States in the Bay of Biscay (Golfe de Gascogne/Golfo de Vizcaya) (with annex, exchange of letters and map), 29 January 1974 (entry into force: 5 April 1975; registration #: 14591; registration date: 19 February 1976)</p>
	<p>Italy</p> <p>Convention between Spain and Italy on the delimitation of the continental shelf between the two States (with chart) 19 February 1974; (entry into force: 16 November 1978; registration #: 17429; registration date: 29 December 1978)</p>
	<p>Portugal</p> <p>Agreement between Portugal and Spain on the Continental Shelf, 12 February 1976</p>
Length	3,073 km
Coastline	
Length	4,964 km

³⁸ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/ESP.htm>

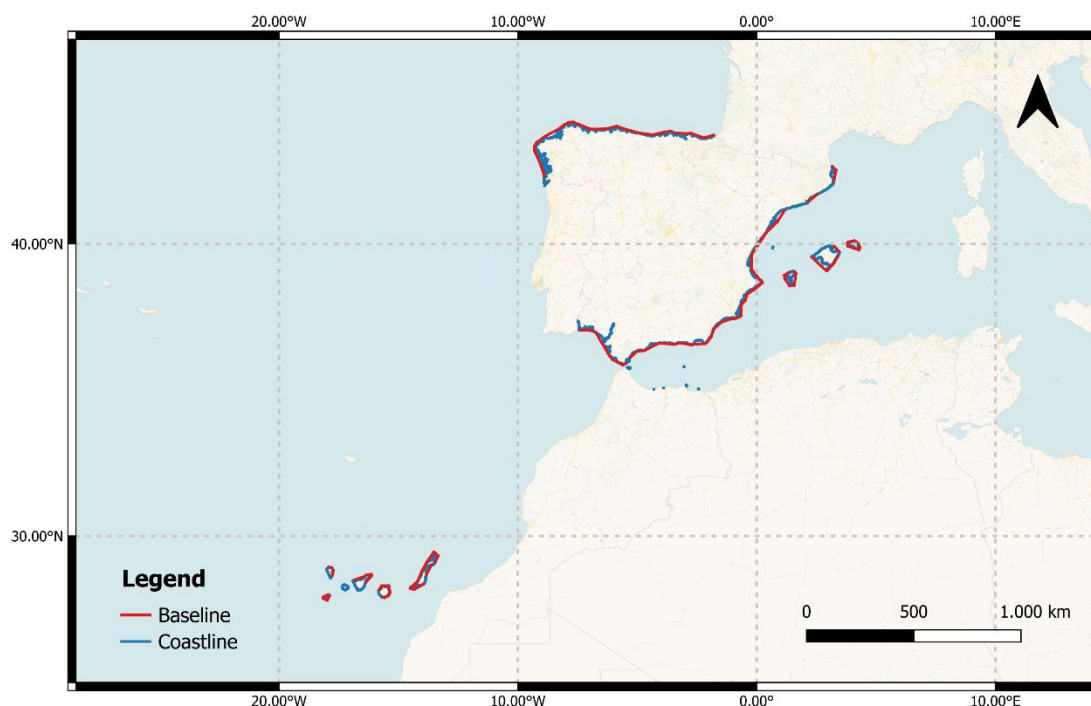


Figure 4-26 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of Spain

4.31 Sweden

Country	Sweden
<i>Data provider</i>	Sjöfartsverket – Swedish Maritime Administration (SMA)
<i>Link available</i>	https://www.sjofartsverket.se/sv/tjanster/havsgranser/ https://geokatalog.sjofartsverket.se/kartvisarefyren/ (In Swedish only)
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	Act concerning the Territorial Waters of Sweden of 3 June 1966 (with amendments No. 959 enacted on 18 December 1978, and No. 1140, on 20 December 1979)
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements</i> ³⁹	Denmark Agreement between Sweden and Denmark on the delimitation of the continental shelf and fishing zones (with map, exchanges of notes and Protocol) , 9 November 1984 (entry into force: 3 September 1985; registration #: 3211; registration date: 16 October 1985)

³⁹ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/SWE.htm>

Estonia

[Agreement Between the Government of the Kingdom of Sweden and the Government of the Republic of Estonia on the Delimitation of the Maritime Zones in the Baltic Sea](#), 2 November 1998 (entry into force: 26 July 2000; registration #: 44413; registration date: 1 October 2007)

Estonia and Latvia

[Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Estonia, the Government of the Republic of Latvia and the Government of the Kingdom of Sweden on the Common Maritime Boundary Point in the Baltic Sea](#), 30 April 1997 (entry into force: 20 February 1998; registration #: 44412; registration date: 1 October 2007)

Finland

[Agreement between Sweden and Finland concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf in the Gulf of Bothnia, the Bothnian Sea, the Aland Sea and the northernmost part of the Baltic Sea \(with Protocol and maps\)](#), 29 September 1972 (entry into force: 15 January 1973; registration #: 14443; registration date: 1 December 1975)

Germany

[Treaty between the German Democratic Republic and the Kingdom of Sweden on the delimitation of the continental shelf \(with protocol\)](#), 22 June 1978 (entry into force: 20 December 1978; registration #: 18021; registration date: 31 October 1979)

Lithuania

[Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Lithuania and the Government of the Kingdom of Sweden on the delimitation of the exclusive economic zones and the continental shelf in the Baltic Sea](#), 10 April 2014 (entry into force: 23 December 2014; registration #: 53412; registration date: 6 January 2016)

Lithuania and Russian Federation

[Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Lithuania, the Government of the Russian Federation and the Government of the Kingdom of Sweden on the common point of boundaries of the exclusive economic zones and continental shelf in the Baltic Sea](#), 30 November 2005 (entry into force: 17 June 2011; registration #: 53411; registration date: 6 January 2016)

Norway

[Agreement between Sweden and Norway concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf](#), 24 July 1968 (entry into force: 18 March 1969; registration #: 14015; registration date: 20 May 1975)

Poland

[Agreement concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf and fishing zones between the Kingdom of Sweden and the Polish People's Republic. \(with nautical chart\)](#), 10 February 1989 (entry into force: 30 June 1989; registration #: 27846; registration date: 18 January 1991)

Russian Federation

[Agreement on principles for the delimitation of the sea areas in the Baltic Sea between the Kingdom of Sweden and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics](#), 13 January 1988 (entry into force: 13 January 1988; registration #: 27071; registration date: 29 January 1990)

Poland and Russian Federation

[Agreement between the Government of the Kingdom of Sweden, the Government of the Polish People's Republic and the Government of the USSR concerning the Common Delimitation Point of their Maritime Boundaries in the Baltic Sea](#), 30 June 1989 (entry into force: 10 May 1990; registration #: 27841; registration date: 18 January 1991)

Length 2,076 km

Coastline

Length 48,000 km

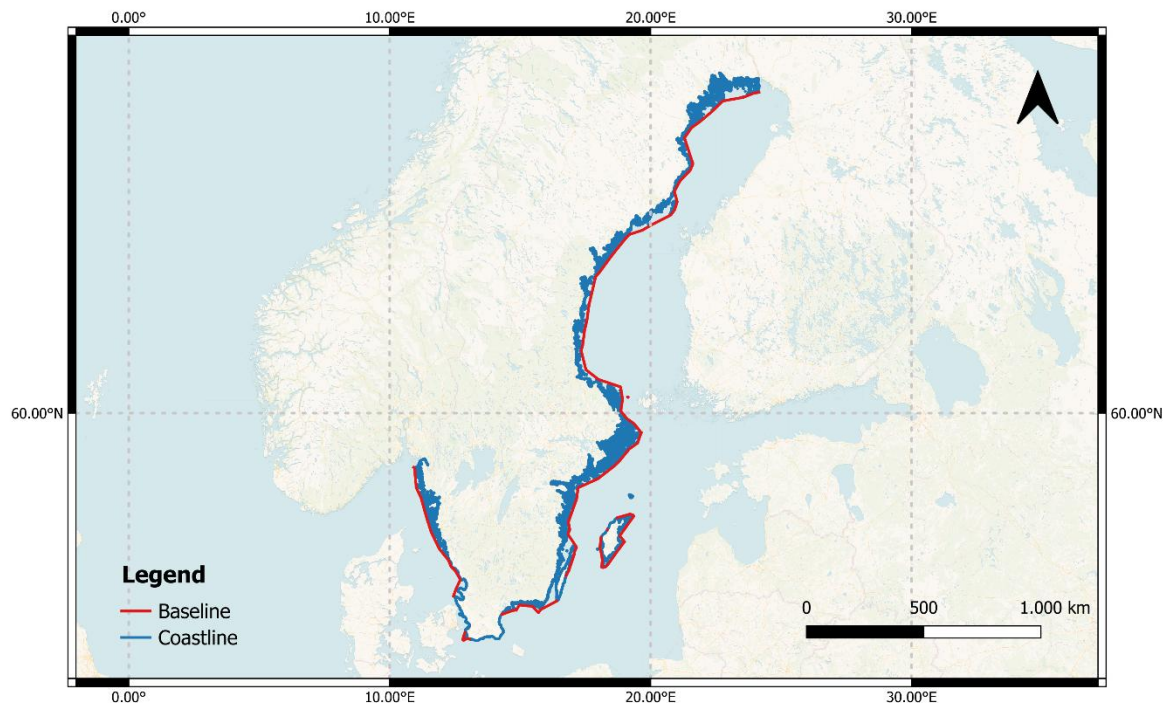


Figure 4-27 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of Sweden

4.32 Türkiye

Country	Türkiye
Data provider	-
Link available	-
Baseline	
Legislation	<p>Act No. 2674 of 20 May 1982, on the Territorial Sea of the Republic of Türkiye</p> <p>Bulgaria Agreement between the Republic of Türkiye and the Republic of Bulgaria on determination of the boundary in the mouth area of the Mutludere/Rezovska river and delimitation of the maritime areas between the two states in the Black Sea, 4 December 1997 (entry into force: 4 November 1998; registration #: 36204; registration date: 1 November 1999)</p> <p>Cyprus, Greece and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland Treaty between the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Hellenic Republic, the Republic of Türkiye and the Republic of Cyprus concerning the Establishment of the Republic of Cyprus (Annex A of Original Agreement), 16 August 1960 (entry into force: 16 August 1960; registration #: 5476; registration date: 12 December 1960)</p>
Maritime boundary delimitation agreements ⁴⁰	<p>Georgia Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Türkiye and the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf between the Republic of Türkiye and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in the Black Sea, 23 June 1978 (entry into force: 15 May 1981; registration #: 20344; registration date: 11 August 1981)</p> <p>Russian Federation Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Türkiye and the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics concerning the Delimitation of the Continental Shelf Between the Republic of Türkiye and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in the Black Sea, 23 June 1978 (entry into force: 15 May 1981; registration #: 20344; registration date: 11 August 1981)</p> <p>Ukraine Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Türkiye and the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics concerning the</p>

⁴⁰ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/TUR.htm>

	delimitation of the continental shelf between the Republic of Türkiye and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in the Black Sea , 23 June 1978 (entry into force: 15 May 1981; registration #: 20344; registration date: 11 August 1981)
<i>Length</i>	-
Coastline	
<i>Length</i>	7,200 km

4.33 Ukraine

Country	Ukraine
<i>Data provider</i>	-
<i>Link available</i>	-
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	Statute of Ukraine concerning the State frontier , 4 November 1991
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation agreements⁴¹</i>	Türkiye Agreement between the Government of the Republic of Türkiye and the Government of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics concerning the delimitation of the continental shelf between the Republic of Türkiye and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics in the Black Sea (with maps), 23 June 1978 (entry into force: 15 May 1981; registration #: 20344; registration date: 11 August 1981)
<i>Length</i>	-
Coastline	
<i>Length</i>	2,782 km

4.34 United Kingdom

Country	United Kingdom
<i>Data provider</i>	OceanWise Limited (OCEANWISE)
<i>Link available</i>	https://www.gov.uk/guidance/uk-maritime-limits-and-law-of-the-sea https://osdatahub.os.uk/downloads/open/BoundaryLine
Baseline	
<i>Legislation</i>	Territorial Waters (Amendment) Order in Council 1979 , 23 May 1979
<i>Maritime boundary delimitation</i>	Belgium Agreement between the Government of the United Kingdom of Great

⁴¹ Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/UKR.htm>

agreements⁴²

[Britain and Northern Ireland and the Government of the Kingdom of Belgium relating to the delimitation of the continental shelf between the two countries \(with annex and exchange of letters\)](#), 29 May 1991 (entry into force: 14 May 1993; registration #: 31712; registration date: 21 April 1995)

Cyprus

[Treaty between the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Hellenic Republic, the Republic of Türkiye and the Republic of Cyprus concerning the Establishment of the Republic of Cyprus \(Annex A of Original Agreement\)](#), 16 August 1960 (entry into force: 16 August 1960; registration #: 5476; registration date: 12 December 1960)

Treaty between the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Hellenic Republic, the Republic of Türkiye and the Republic of Cyprus concerning the Establishment of the Republic of Cyprus, 16 August 1960.

Denmark

[Agreement between the Government of the Kingdom of Denmark and the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland relating to the delimitation of the continental shelf between the two countries](#), 25 November 1971 (entry into force: 7 December 1972; registration #: 12280; registration date: 22 January 1973)

France

[Agreement between the Government of the French Republic and the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland relating to the completion of the delimitation of the continental shelf in the southern North Sea](#), 23 July 1991 (entry into force: 17 March 1992; registration #: 29182; registration date: 22 October 1992)

Germany

[Agreement between the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Federal Republic of Germany relating to the delimitation of the continental shelf under the North Sea between the two countries \(with chart\)](#), 25 November 1971 (entry into force: 7 December 1972; registration #: 12626; registration date: 19.06.1973)

Cyprus, Greece and Türkiye

[Treaty between the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, the Hellenic Republic, the Republic of Türkiye and the Republic of Cyprus concerning the Establishment of the Republic of Cyprus \(Annex A of Original Agreement\)](#), 16 August 1960 (entry into force: 16 August 1960; registration #: 5476; registration date: 12 December 1960)

⁴² Additional information on legislation and maritime boundary delimitation agreement and other material: <https://www.un.org/depts/los/LEGISLATIONANDTREATIES/STATEFILES/GBR.htm>

Ireland

[Agreement between the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Government of the Republic of Ireland concerning the delimitation of areas of the continental shelf between the two countries](#), 7 November 1988 (entry into force: 11 January 1990; registration #: 27204; registration date: 3 May 1990)

Netherlands

[Agreement between the Government of the Kingdom of the Netherlands and the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland relating to the delimitation of the continental shelf under the North Sea between the two countries](#), 6 October 1965 (entry into force: 23 December 1966; registration #: 8616; registration date: 17 April 1967)

Norway

[Agreement between the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the Government of the Kingdom of Norway relating to the delimitation of the continental shelf between the two countries](#), 10 March 1965 (entry into force: 29 June 1965; registration #: 8043; registration date: 14 January 1966)

Length

1,648 km

Coastline

Length

12,429 km

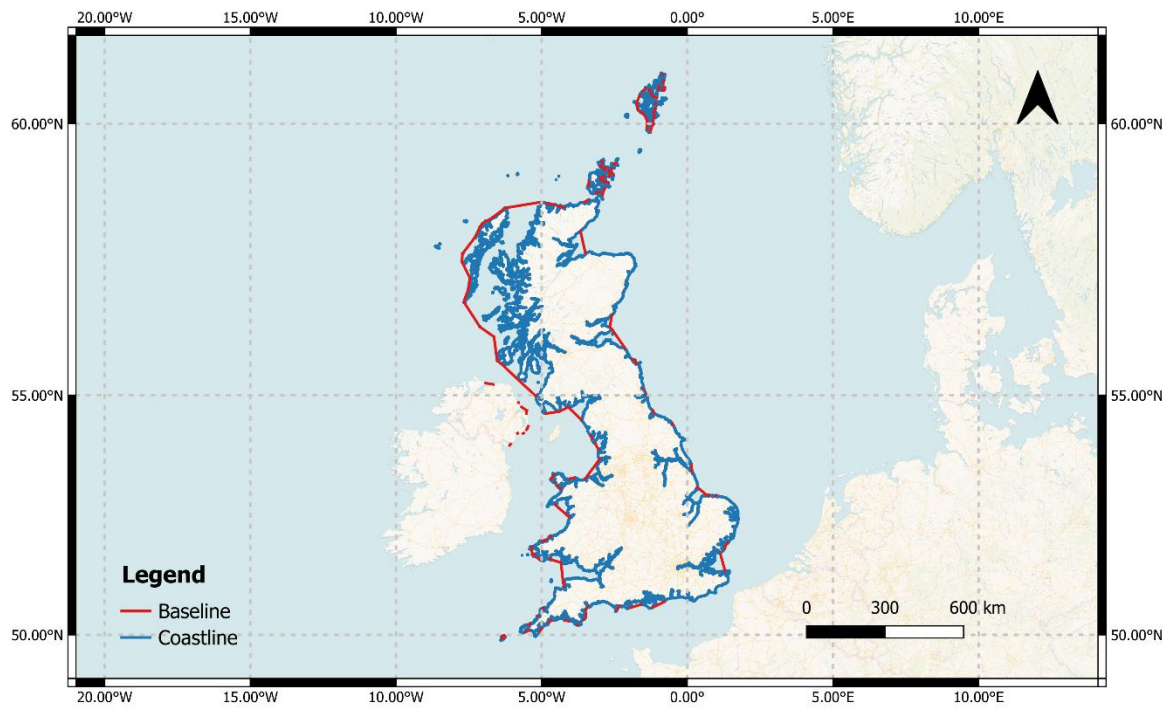


Figure 4-28 Visualization of the available coastline and baseline of the United Kingdom